

Pensieve header: A unified verification notebook for the \$sl\_2\$-portfolio project; continues pensieve://Projects/PPSA/nb/Verification.pdf.

Continues pensieve://2017-06/ and pensieve://2017-08/.

## Prolog

Go;

```
wdir = SetDirectory["C:\\drorbn\\AcademicPensieve\\Projects\\SL2Portfolio"];
NotebookOpen[wdir <> "\\MakeSnips.nb"];
```

```
HL[ $\mathcal{E}$ _] := Style[ $\mathcal{E}$ , Background  $\rightarrow$  Yellow];
```

## Initialization / Utilities

The “degree carrier / filtration parameter” is  $\hbar$ , and all “coupling constants” are proportional to it.

TD

```
$p = 3; $k = 1;  $\epsilon$  /:  $\epsilon^{k-}$  /;  $k > $k := 0$ ;
(* $k can't be  $\infty$  at least because of Quesne. Can't be  $\leq$ 
  1 at least because of the explicit  $\epsilon^2$  in  $\mathbb{S}\mathbb{D}$ $g. *)
SetAttributes[{SS, SST}, HoldAll];
SS[ $\mathcal{E}$ _] := Block[{ $\hbar$ ,  $\epsilon$ }, (* Shielded Series *)
  Collect[Normal@Series[ $\mathcal{E}$ , { $\hbar$ , 0, $p}],  $\hbar$ , Together]];
SST[ $\mathcal{E}$ _] := Block[{ $\hbar$ ,  $\epsilon$ },
  Collect[Normal@Series[ $\mathcal{E}$  /. { $T_{i-} \rightarrow \epsilon^{\hbar t_i/2}$ ,  $T \rightarrow \epsilon^{\hbar t/2}$ }, { $\hbar$ , 0, $p}],  $\hbar$ , Together]];
Simp[ $\mathcal{E}$ _,  $op$ _] := Collect[ $\mathcal{E}$ , _CU | _QU,  $op$ ];
Simp[ $\mathcal{E}$ _] := Simp[ $\mathcal{E}$ , Collect[Normal@Series[#, { $\hbar$ , 0, $p}],  $\hbar$ , Expand] &];
SimpT[ $\mathcal{E}$ _] := Collect[ $\mathcal{E}$ , _CU | _QU,
  Collect[Normal@Series[#, { $T_{i-} \rightarrow \epsilon^{\hbar t_i/2}$ ,  $T \rightarrow \epsilon^{\hbar t/2}$ }, { $\hbar$ , 0, $p}],  $\hbar$ , Expand] &];
```

Differential polynomials (DP):

Utils

```
DP $_{\alpha \rightarrow D_x, \beta \rightarrow D_y}$ [ $P$ _][ $\lambda$ _] :=
  Total[CoefficientRules[ $P$ , { $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ }] /. ({ $m$ _,  $n$ _}  $\rightarrow$   $c$ _)]  $\Rightarrow$   $c$  D[ $\lambda$ , { $x$ ,  $m$ }, { $y$ ,  $n$ }]]
```

## DeclareAlgebra

QLImplementation

```
Unprotect[NonCommutativeMultiply]; Attributes[NonCommutativeMultiply] = {};
(NCM = NonCommutativeMultiply)[ $x$ _] :=  $x$ ;
NCM[ $x$ _,  $y$ _,  $z$ _] := ( $x$  **  $y$ ) **  $z$ ;
0 ** _ = _ ** 0 = 0;
( $x$ _Plus) **  $y$ _ := (# **  $y$ ) & /@  $x$ ;  $x$ _ ** ( $y$ _Plus) := ( $x$  ** #) & /@  $y$ ;
B[ $x$ _,  $x$ _] = 0; B[ $x$ _,  $y$ _] :=  $x$  **  $y$  -  $y$  **  $x$ ;
```

QLImplementation

```

DeclareAlgebra[U_Symbol, opts__Rule] := Module[{gp, sr, cp, CE, pow,
  gs = Generators /. {opts}, cs = CentralS /. {opts}},
  (#U = U@#) & /@ gs;
  gp = Alternatives @@ gs; gp = gp | gp; (* gen's pattern *)
  sr = Thread[gs → Range@Length@gs]; (* sorting rule *)
  cp = Alternatives @@ cs; (* cent's pattern *)
  CE[ε_] := Collect[ε, _U, (Expand[#] /. h^d_ /; d > $p → 0) &];
  U_i[ε_] := ε /. {t : cp → t_i, u_U → Replace[u, x_ → x_i, 1]};
  U_i[NCM[]] = pow[ε_, 0] = U@{ } = 1_U = U[];
  B[U@(x_)_i, U@(y_)_i] := B[U@x_i, U@y_i] = U_i@B[U@x, U@y];
  B[U@(x_)_i, U@(y_)_j] /; i != j := 0;
  B[U@y_, U@x_] := CE[-B[U@x, U@y]];
  x_ ** 1_U := x; 1_U ** x_ := x;
  (a_.*x_U) ** (b_.*y_U) := If[ab === 0, 0, CE[ab (x**y)]];
  U[xx___, x_] ** U[y_, yy___] := If[OrderedQ[{x, y} /. sr],
    U[xx, x, y, yy], U@xx ** (U@y ** U@x + B[U@x, U@y]) ** U@yy];
  U@{c_. * (l : gp)^n_, r___} /; FreeQ[c, gp] := CE[c U@Table[l, {n}] ** U@{r}];
  U@{c_. * l : gp, r___} := CE[c U[l] ** U@{r}];
  U@{c_, r___} /; FreeQ[c, gp] := CE[c U@{r}];
  U@{l_Plus, r___} := CE[U@{#, r} & /@ l];
  U@{l_, r___} := U@{Expand[l], r};
  U[ε_NonCommutativeMultiply] := U /@ ε;
  O_U[poly_, specs___] := Module[{sp, null, vs, us},
    sp = Replace[{specs}, l_List → l_null, {1}];
    vs = Join@@(First /@ sp);
    us = Join@@(sp /. l_s_ → (l /. x_i_ → x_s));
    CE[Total[
      CoefficientRules[poly, vs] /. (p_ → c_) → c U@(us^p)
    ]] /. x_null → x
  ];
  pow[ε_, n_] := pow[ε, n - 1] ** ε;
  S_U[ε_, ss__Rule] := CE@Total[
    CoefficientRules[ε, First /@ {ss}] /.
      (p_ → c_) → c NCM@@MapThread[pow, {Last /@ {ss}, p}]];
  S_i[c_. * u_U] := CE[(c /. S_i[U, CentralS]) DeleteCases[u, _i] **
    U_i[NCM@@Reverse@Cases[u, x_i → S@U@x]]]; ]

```

## DeclareMorphism

QLImplementation

```

DeclareMorphism[m_, U_ → V_, ongs_List, oncs_List: {}] := (
  Replace[ongs, (g_ → img_) → (m[U[g]] = img), {1}];
  m[1_U] = 1_V;
  m[U[g_i]] := V_i[m[U@g]];
  m[U[vs___]] := NCM@@(m /@ U /@ {vs});
  m[ε_] := Simp[ε /. oncs /. u_U → m[u]]; )

```

## Meta-Operations

QLImplementation

```
S_i_ [ε_Plus] := Simp[S_i /@ ε];
```

## Implementing $sl_2^{\gamma\epsilon}$

CU

```
DeclareAlgebra[CU, Generators -> {y, a, x}, Centrals -> {t}];
B[a_CU, y_CU] = -γ y_CU; B[x_CU, a_CU] = -γ x_CU;
B[x_CU, y_CU] = 2 ε a_CU - t 1_CU;
(S@CU@y = -y_CU; S@a_CU = -a_CU; S@x_CU = -x_CU);
S_i_ [CU, Centrals] = {t_i -> -t_i};
```

Verifying associativity on triples of generators:

```
With[{bas = CU /@ {y, a, x}},
  Table[{z1 ** (z2 ** z3) - (z1 ** z2) ** z3 // Simp // HL,
    {z1, bas}, {z2, bas}, {z3, bas} ] ]
{{{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}},
 {{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}}, {{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}}}
```

Verifying associativity on a “random” triple:

```
With[{z1 = CU[y, y, a, a, x, x], z2 = CU[y, a, x], z3 = CU[y, y, a, x]}, {
  (rhs = (z1 ** z2) ** z3 // Simp) // Short,
  z1 ** (z2 ** z3) - rhs // Simp // HL
}] // Timing
{0.921875, {{(28 t^2 γ^4 + 116 t γ^5 ε + 120 γ^6 ε^2) CU[y, y, y, x, x] + (4 t^3 γ + 8 t^2 γ^2 ε + 4 t γ^3 ε^2)
  CU[y, y, a, a, a, x] + <<22>> + CU[y, y, y, y, y, a, a, a, a, x, x, x, x], 0}}}
```

Verifying that S is an anti-homomorphism on CU:

```
With[{bas = CU /@ {y1, a1, x1}},
  Table[HL@Simp[S1[z1 ** z2] - S1[z2] ** S1[z1]],
    {z1, bas}, {z2, bas} ] ]
{{{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}}}
```

Verifying the involutivity of S on products of triples:

```
With[{bas = CU /@ {y1, a1, x1}},
  Table[HL@Simp[z1 ** z2 ** z3 - S1@S1[z1 ** z2 ** z3]],
    {z1, bas}, {z2, bas}, {z3, bas} ] ]
{{{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}},
 {{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}}, {{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}}}
```

## Implementing $\mathcal{U}_{\gamma\epsilon;\hbar}$

With  $q = e^{\hbar\gamma\epsilon}$ ,  $A = e^{-\hbar\epsilon a}$ ,  $T = e^{\hbar/2}$ , and  $[f, g]_q := fg - qgf$ , our algebra is  $\mathcal{U}_{\gamma\epsilon, \hbar} = \langle t, y, a, x \rangle / \mathcal{R}$ , where  $\mathcal{R} = ([t, *] = 0, [a, y] = -\gamma y, [x, y]_q = (1 - T^2 A^2) / \hbar, [x, a] = -\gamma x)$ .

QU

```

DeclareAlgebra[QU, Generators -> {y, a, x}, CentralS -> {t, T}];
q = SS[e^{\gamma\epsilon\hbar}]; (*T=SS[e^{\hbar t/2}];*)
B[a_{QU}, y_{QU}] = -\gamma y_{QU}; B[x_{QU}, a_{QU}] = -\gamma QU@x;
B[x_{QU}, y_{QU}] = (q - 1) QU@{y, x} + O_{QU}[SS[(1 - T^2 e^{-2\epsilon a\hbar}) / \hbar], {a}];
(S@y_{QU} = O_{QU}[SS[-T^2 e^{\hbar\epsilon a} y], {a, y}]; S@a_{QU} = -a_{QU}; S@x_{QU} = O_{QU}[SS[-e^{\hbar\epsilon a} x], {a, x}];)
S_i_[QU, CentralS] = {t_i -> -t_i, T_i -> T_i^{-1}};

```

```

With[{bas = QU /@ {y, a, x}}, Table[{z1, z2} -> Simp[z1 ** z2 - z2 ** z1], {z1, bas}, {z2, bas}]]

```

$$\left\{ \left\{ \{QU[y], QU[y]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[y], QU[a]\} \rightarrow \gamma QU[y], \{QU[y], QU[x]\} \rightarrow \frac{(-1 + T^2) QU[]}{\hbar} - 2 T^2 \epsilon QU[a] + 2 T^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar QU[a, a] + \left(-\gamma \epsilon \hbar - \frac{1}{2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar^2\right) QU[y, x] \right\}, \right.$$

$$\left. \left\{ \{QU[a], QU[y]\} \rightarrow -\gamma QU[y], \{QU[a], QU[a]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[a], QU[x]\} \rightarrow \gamma QU[x] \right\}, \right.$$

$$\left. \left\{ \{QU[x], QU[y]\} \rightarrow \frac{(1 - T^2) QU[]}{\hbar} + 2 T^2 \epsilon QU[a] - 2 T^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar QU[a, a] + \left(\gamma \epsilon \hbar + \frac{1}{2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar^2\right) QU[y, x], \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \{QU[x], QU[a]\} \rightarrow -\gamma QU[x], \{QU[x], QU[x]\} \rightarrow 0 \right\} \right\}$$

Verifying associativity on triples of generators:

```

With[{bas = QU /@ {y, a, x}},
Table[HL[z1 ** (z2 ** z3) - (z1 ** z2) ** z3] // Simp,
{z1, bas}, {z2, bas}, {z3, bas}]]

```

$$\left\{ \left\{ \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\} \right\}, \right.$$

$$\left. \left\{ \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\} \right\}, \left\{ \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\}, \{0, 0, 0\} \right\} \right\}$$

Verifying associativity on a “random” triple (~34 secs @ \$p=5, \$k=2):

```

With[{z1 = QU[y, y, a, a, x, x], z2 = QU[y, a, x], z3 = QU[y, y, a, x]}, {
(rhs = (z1 ** z2) ** z3 // Simp) // Short,
HL[z1 ** (z2 ** z3) - rhs // Simp]
}] // Timing

```

$$\{40.2969,$$

$$\left\{ \left( 135 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2 - 730 T^2 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2 + 715 T^4 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2 + \frac{28 \gamma^4 - 56 T^2 \gamma^4 + 28 T^4 \gamma^4}{\hbar^2} + \frac{82 \gamma^5 \epsilon - 280 T^2 \gamma^5 \epsilon + 198 T^4 \gamma^5 \epsilon}{\hbar} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. QU[y, y, y, x, x] + \ll 22 \gg + (1 + 8 \gamma \epsilon \hbar + 32 \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar^2) QU[y, y, y, y, y, a, a, a, a, x, x, x, x], 0 \right\}$$

Verifying that S is an anti-homomorphism on QU:

```

With[{bas = QU /@ {y1, a1, x1}},
Table[{z1, z2} -> HL@Simp[S1[z1 ** z2] - S1[z2] ** S1[z1]],
{z1, bas}, {z2, bas}]]

```

$$\left\{ \left\{ \{QU[y_1], QU[y_1]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[y_1], QU[a_1]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[y_1], QU[x_1]\} \rightarrow 0 \right\}, \right.$$

$$\left. \left\{ \{QU[a_1], QU[y_1]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[a_1], QU[a_1]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[a_1], QU[x_1]\} \rightarrow 0 \right\}, \right.$$

$$\left. \left\{ \{QU[x_1], QU[y_1]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[x_1], QU[a_1]\} \rightarrow 0, \{QU[x_1], QU[x_1]\} \rightarrow 0 \right\} \right\}$$

Verifying that  $\lim_{\hbar \rightarrow 0} QU = CU$  using a “random” product (~23 secs @ \$p=5, \$k=2):

```
With[{z1 = CU[y, y, a, a, x, x], z2 = CU[y, a, x], z3 = CU[y, y, a, x]}, {
  Short[lhs = z1 ** (z2 ** z3)],
  Short[rhs = (QU@@z1) ** ((QU@@z2) ** (QU@@z3))],
  Expand[Limit[rhs /. {QU -> CU, T -> e^{\hbar t/2}, \hbar -> 0} - lhs] // HL
]}] // Timing
{33.5625, {2 (8 t^2 \gamma^4 + 16 t \gamma^5 \epsilon) CU[y, y, y, x, x] +
(8 t \gamma^5 \epsilon + 16 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2) CU[y, y, y, x, x] + <<106>> + CU[y, y, y, y, y, a, a, a, a, x, x, x, x],
(-8 T^2 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2 + 8 T^4 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2) QU[y, y, y, x, x] + (-16 T^2 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2 + 16 T^4 \gamma^6 \epsilon^2) QU[y, y, y, x, x] +
<<488>> + (\gamma \epsilon \hbar + \frac{15}{2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar^2) QU[y, y, y, y, y, a, a, a, a, x, x, x, x], 0}}
```

## Implementing $\theta$

theta

```
DeclareMorphism[C\theta, CU -> CU, {y -> -x_{CU}, a -> -a_{CU}, x -> -y_{CU}}, {t -> -t, T -> T^{-1}}];
DeclareMorphism[Q\theta, QU -> QU, {y -> 0_{QU}[SS[-T^{-1} e^{\hbar \epsilon^a} x], {a, x}],
a -> -a_{QU}, x -> 0_{QU}[SS[-T^{-1} e^{\hbar \epsilon^a} y], {a, y}]}, {t -> -t, T -> T^{-1}}]
```

Verifying involutivity on CU:

```
With[{bas = CU /@ {y, a, x}},
Table[z -> C\theta[z] -> HL[C\theta[C\theta[z]]], {z, bas}]]
{CU[y] -> -CU[x] -> CU[y], CU[a] -> -CU[a] -> CU[a], CU[x] -> -CU[y] -> CU[x]}
```

Verifying that  $\theta$  is a multiplicative homomorphism on CU:

```
With[{bas = CU /@ {y, a, x}},
Table[C\theta[z1 ** z2] - C\theta[z1] ** C\theta[z2] // HL, {z1, bas}, {z2, bas}]]
{{0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}, {0, 0, 0}}
```

Verifying involutivity on QU:

```
With[{bas = QU /@ {y, a, x}},
Table[z -> Q\theta[z] -> HL[Q\theta[Q\theta[z]]], {z, bas}]]
{QU[y] -> -\frac{QU[x]}{T} - \frac{\epsilon \hbar QU[a, x]}{T} - \frac{\epsilon^2 \hbar^2 QU[a, a, x]}{2 T} -> QU[y], QU[a] -> -QU[a] -> QU[a],
QU[x] -> \left(-\frac{1}{T} + \frac{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}{T} - \frac{\gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar^2}{2 T}\right) QU[y] + \left(-\frac{\epsilon \hbar}{T} + \frac{\gamma \epsilon^2 \hbar^2}{T}\right) QU[y, a] - \frac{\epsilon^2 \hbar^2 QU[y, a, a]}{2 T} -> QU[x]}
```

Verifying that  $\theta$  is a multiplicative homomorphism on QU:

```
With[{bas = QU /@ {y, a, x}},
Table[{z1, z2} -> HL[Simp[Q\theta[z1 ** z2] - Q\theta[z1] ** Q\theta[z2]]], {z1, bas}, {z2, bas}]]
{{{QU[y], QU[y]} -> 0, {QU[y], QU[a]} -> 0, {QU[y], QU[x]} -> 0},
{{QU[a], QU[y]} -> 0, {QU[a], QU[a]} -> 0, {QU[a], QU[x]} -> 0},
{{QU[x], QU[y]} -> 0, {QU[x], QU[a]} -> 0, {QU[x], QU[x]} -> 0}}
```

## The Asymmetric Dequantizer

Following pensieve://People/VanDerVeen/Dequant1.pdf.

ADeq

$$AD\$f = \gamma \left( \left( \text{Cosh} \left[ \hbar \left( a \epsilon + \frac{\gamma \epsilon}{2} - \frac{t}{2} \right) \right] - \text{Cosh} \left[ \hbar \sqrt{\left( \frac{t - \gamma \epsilon}{2} \right)^2 + \epsilon \omega} \right] \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left( \hbar e^{\hbar ((a+\gamma) \epsilon - t/2)} \text{Sinh} \left[ \frac{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}{2} \right] (a^2 \epsilon + a \gamma \epsilon - a t - \omega) \right) \right);$$

Scaling behaviour of AD\$:f:

$$HL@Simplify[AD\$f == ((AD\$f /. \gamma \to 1) /. {\epsilon \to \gamma \epsilon, a \to \gamma^{-1} a, \omega \to \gamma^{-1} \omega})]$$

True

$$HL@FullSimplify[AD\$f == ((AD\$f /. \gamma \to 1) /. {\hbar \to \gamma^2 \hbar, \epsilon \to \epsilon / \gamma, a \to a / \gamma, t \to \gamma^{-2} t, \omega \to \gamma^{-3} \omega})]$$

True

ADeq

$$AD\$w = \gamma CU[y, x] + \epsilon CU[a, a] - (t - \gamma \epsilon) CU[a];$$

ADeq

```
DeclareMorphism[AD, QU -> CU,
  {a -> aCU, x -> CU@x, y -> SCU[SS[AD$f], a -> aCU, \omega -> AD$w] ** yCU}]
```

Verifying that the asymmetric dequantizer is a homomorphism:

```
With[{bas = QU /@ {y, a, x}},
  Table[{z1, z2} -> HL[SimpT[AD[z1 ** z2] - AD[z1] ** AD[z2]]], {z1, bas}, {z2, bas}] ]
{{{QU[y], QU[y]} -> 0, {QU[y], QU[a]} -> 0, {QU[y], QU[x]} -> 0},
 {{QU[a], QU[y]} -> 0, {QU[a], QU[a]} -> 0, {QU[a], QU[x]} -> 0},
 {{QU[x], QU[y]} -> 0, {QU[x], QU[a]} -> 0, {QU[x], QU[x]} -> 0}}
```

## The Symmetric Dequantizer

Following pensieve://People/VanDerVeen/Dequant1.pdf.

SDeq

$$SD\$g = \sqrt{\left( \left( 2 \gamma \left( \text{Cosh} \left[ \frac{\hbar}{2} \sqrt{t^2 + \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 + 4 \epsilon \omega} \right] - \text{Cosh} \left[ \frac{t - \epsilon \gamma - 2 \epsilon a}{2 / \hbar} \right] \right) \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left( \text{Sinh} \left[ \frac{\gamma \epsilon \hbar}{2} \right] (t (2 a + \gamma) - 2 a (a + \gamma) \epsilon + 2 \omega) \hbar \right) \right);$$

Verify agreement with the formulas in pensieve://People/VanDerVeen/Dequant1.pdf:

$$\{SD\$P = \frac{\text{Cosh}[\hbar \left( \frac{\epsilon-t}{2} + \epsilon a \right)] - \text{Cosh}[\hbar \sqrt{\frac{t^2+\epsilon^2}{4} + \epsilon w}]}{\hbar \text{Sinh}[\frac{-\epsilon \hbar}{2}] (w - \epsilon a^2 + (t - \epsilon) a + t/2)},$$

$$\text{Simplify}[SD\$P == (SD\$P /. \{a \to -a - 1, t \to -t\})] // HL,$$

$$\text{PowerExpand@Simplify}[(SD\$P /. \{\hbar \to \gamma^2 \hbar, \epsilon \to \epsilon / \gamma, a \to a / \gamma, t \to \gamma^{-2} t, w \to \gamma^{-3} w\}) ==$$

$$SD\$g (SD\$g /. \{a \to -a - \gamma, t \to -t\})] // HL,$$

$$SD\$Q = \text{Simplify}[SD\$P /. \{a \to c - 1/2\}],$$

$$\text{Simplify}[SD\$Q == (SD\$Q /. \{c \to -c, t \to -t\})] // HL,$$

$$\text{FullSimplify}[SD\$g == \text{FullSimplify}[\sqrt{SD\$Q} /. c \to a + 1/2 /. \{\hbar \to \gamma^2 \hbar, \epsilon \to \epsilon / \gamma, a \to a / \gamma, t \to \gamma^{-2} t, w \to \gamma^{-3} w\}]] // HL$$

$$\left\{ - \left( \left( \left( \text{Cosh} \left[ \left( a \epsilon + \frac{1}{2} (-t + \epsilon) \right) \hbar \right] - \text{Cosh} \left[ \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} (t^2 + \epsilon^2) + \epsilon w} \hbar \right] \right) \text{Csch} \left[ \frac{\epsilon \hbar}{2} \right] \right) / \right.$$

$$\left. \left( \left( \frac{t}{2} + a (t - \epsilon) - a^2 \epsilon + w \right) \hbar \right) \right\}, \text{True, True},$$

$$- \left( \left( 4 \left( \text{Cosh} \left[ \frac{1}{2} (t - 2 c \epsilon) \hbar \right] - \text{Cosh} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{t^2 + \epsilon^2 + 4 \epsilon w} \hbar \right] \right) \text{Csch} \left[ \frac{\epsilon \hbar}{2} \right] \right) / \right.$$

$$\left. \left( (4 c t + \epsilon - 4 c^2 \epsilon + 4 w) \hbar \right) \right\}, \text{True, True}$$

SDeq

```
SD$f = FullSimplify[e^{\hbar (t/2 - \epsilon a)} (SD$g /. {a \to -a, t \to -t})];
```

SDeq

```
SD$w = \gamma CU[y, x] + \epsilon CU[a, a] - (t - \gamma \epsilon) CU[a] - t \gamma 1_{CU} / 2;
```

SDeq

```
DeclareMorphism[SD, QU \to CU, {a \to a_{CU},
  x \to S_{CU}[SS[SD$f], a \to a_{CU}, w \to SD$w] ** X_{CU},
  y \to S_{CU}[SS[SD$g], a \to a_{CU}, w \to SD$w] ** Y_{CU}}]
```

Verifying the  $\theta$ -symmetry:

```
Table[HL@SimpT[C\theta[SD[z]] == SD[Q\theta[z]]], {z, QU /@ {y, a, x}}]
{True, True, True}
```

Verifying that the symmetric dequantizator is a homomorphism:

```
With[{bas = QU /@ {y, a, x}},
  Table[{z1, z2} \to HL@SimpT[SD[z1 ** z2] - SD[z1] ** SD[z2]], {z1, bas}, {z2, bas}]]
{{{QU[y], QU[y]} \to 0, {QU[y], QU[a]} \to 0, {QU[y], QU[x]} \to 0},
 {{QU[a], QU[y]} \to 0, {QU[a], QU[a]} \to 0, {QU[a], QU[x]} \to 0},
 {{QU[x], QU[y]} \to 0, {QU[x], QU[a]} \to 0, {QU[x], QU[x]} \to 0}}
```

## R in QU.

Quesne's formula:

Quesne

$$e_{q-,k_-}[x_-] := e^{\sum_{j=1}^k \frac{(1-q)^j x^j}{j(1-q^j)}}; e_{q-,k}[x] := e_{q, \$k}[x]$$

Table[Together@SeriesCoefficient[e\_{\rho,5}[x], {x, \theta, n}], {n, \theta, 5}]

$$\left\{1, 1, \frac{1}{1+\rho}, \frac{1}{(1+\rho)(1+\rho+\rho^2)}, \frac{1}{(1+\rho)^2(1+\rho^2)(1+\rho+\rho^2)}, \frac{1}{(1+\rho)^2(1+\rho^2)(1+\rho+\rho^2)(1+\rho+\rho^2+\rho^3+\rho^4)}\right\}$$

Table[HL@FunctionExpand[QFactorial[n, \rho] SeriesCoefficient[e\_{\rho,5}[x], {x, \theta, n}]], {n, \theta, 5}]

$$\{1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}$$

R

$$QU[R_{i,j}] := O_{QU}[SS[e^{\hbar b_1 a_2} e_q[\hbar y_1 x_2] /. b_1 \rightarrow \gamma^{-1} (\epsilon a_1 - t_i)], \{y_1, a_1\}_i, \{a_2, x_2\}_j];$$

$$QU[R_{i,j}^{-1}] := S_j @ QU[R_{i,j}];$$

QU[R\_{3,4}] // Short

$$QU[] + \frac{\epsilon \hbar QU[a_3, a_4]}{\gamma} + \hbar QU[y_3, x_4] + \frac{\epsilon^2 \hbar^2 QU[a_3, a_3, a_4, a_4]}{2 \gamma^2} + \ll 18 \gg +$$

$$\frac{\epsilon \hbar^3 QU[a_3, a_4, a_4, a_4] t_3^2}{2 \gamma^3} + \frac{\hbar^3 QU[y_3, a_4, a_4, x_4] t_3^2}{2 \gamma^2} - \frac{\hbar^3 QU[a_4, a_4, a_4] t_3^3}{6 \gamma^3}$$

Verifying R2 (~2 secs @ \$p=4, \$k=2):

QU[R\_{1,2} \*\* R\_{1,2}^{-1}] // Simp // HL // Timing

$$\{0.5625, QU[]\}$$

Verifying R3 (~156 secs @ \$p=4, \$k=2):

{Short[lhs = QU[R\_{1,2} \*\* R\_{1,3} \*\* R\_{2,3}], HL@SimpT[lhs - QU[R\_{2,3} \*\* R\_{1,3} \*\* R\_{1,2}]]] // Timing

$$\{11.375, \{QU[] + \frac{\epsilon \hbar QU[a_1, a_2]}{\gamma} + \frac{\epsilon \hbar QU[a_1, a_3]}{\gamma} +$$

$$\ll 453 \gg + QU[y_1, y_1, a_3, x_3, x_3] \left( -\frac{\hbar^3 t_2}{2 \gamma} + \frac{\hbar^3 t_2 T_2^2}{\gamma} - \frac{\hbar^3 t_2 T_2^4}{2 \gamma} \right) +$$

$$QU[y_1, y_1, y_1, x_3, x_3, x_3] \left( \frac{\hbar^3}{6} - \frac{1}{2} \hbar^3 T_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} \hbar^3 T_2^4 - \frac{1}{6} \hbar^3 T_2^6 \right), \emptyset\}$$



## The representation $\rho$

rho

```

rho@yCU = rho@yQU =  $\begin{pmatrix} \theta & \theta \\ \epsilon & \theta \end{pmatrix}$ ; rho@aCU = rho@aQU =  $\begin{pmatrix} \gamma & \theta \\ \theta & \theta \end{pmatrix}$ ;
rho@xCU =  $\begin{pmatrix} \theta & \gamma \\ \theta & \theta \end{pmatrix}$ ; rho@xQU =  $SS@\begin{pmatrix} \theta & (1 - e^{-\gamma \epsilon \hbar}) / (\epsilon \hbar) \\ \theta & \theta \end{pmatrix}$ ;
rho[e^delta_] := MatrixExp[rho[delta]];
rho[delta_] :=
(delta /. {t -> gamma epsilon, T -> e^{hbar gamma epsilon/2}} /. (U : CU | QU)[u___] => Fold[Dot,  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & \theta \\ \theta & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , rho/@U/@{u}])

```

Verifying that  $\rho$  represents CU and QU:

```

Table[rho[z1 ** z2] == rho[z1].rho[z2] // SS // HL,
{U, {CU, QU}}, {z1, U/@{y, a, x}}, {z2, U/@{y, a, x}}]
{{{True, True, True}, {True, True, True}, {True, True, True}},
{{True, True, True}, {True, True, True}, {True, True, True}}}

```

## The Classical Logos CA

**Lemma 3C.** To degree  $k$ ,

$\mathcal{O}_{CU}(e^{\eta y + \xi x + \delta y x} \mid x y) = \mathcal{O}_{CU}(v e^{v(-t \xi \eta + \eta y + \xi x + \delta y x)} \mathcal{C}\Lambda_k(\epsilon, \gamma, y, a, x, \eta, \xi, \delta) \mid y a x)$ , with  $v = (1 + t \delta)^{-1}$  and where  $\mathcal{C}\Lambda_k(\epsilon, \gamma, y, a, x, \eta, \xi, \delta)$  is a fixed polynomial of degree at most  $4 k$  in  $y, \sqrt{a}, x, \eta, \xi$ , with scalar coefficients.

**Comment.** Even better,  $\log(\mathcal{C}\Lambda_k)$  is of degree at most  $2 k + 2$  in said variables.

```

eqn = rho[e^{xi x cu}].rho[e^{eta y cu}] == rho[e^{d y cu}].rho[e^{c (t 1 cu - 2 epsilon a cu)}].rho[e^{b x cu}]
{{1 + gamma epsilon eta xi, gamma xi}, {epsilon eta, 1}} == {{e^{-c gamma epsilon}, b e^{-c gamma epsilon gamma}}, {d e^{-c gamma epsilon epsilon}, e^{c gamma epsilon} + b d e^{-c gamma epsilon gamma epsilon}}}

```

```

sol = Solve[Thread[Flatten/@eqn], {d, b, c}][[1]] /. C[1] -> 0

```

$$\left\{ d \rightarrow \frac{\eta}{1 + \gamma \epsilon \eta \xi}, b \rightarrow \frac{\xi}{1 + \gamma \epsilon \eta \xi}, c \rightarrow \frac{\text{Log}\left[\frac{1}{1 + \gamma \epsilon \eta \xi}\right]}{\gamma \epsilon} \right\}$$

**Proof of Lemma 3C.** We know that  $\mathcal{O}_{CU}(e^{\xi x + \eta y} \mid x y) = \mathcal{O}_{CU}(e^{ct + ay - 2 \epsilon ca + bx} \mid y a x)$ , with

$\left\{ d \rightarrow \frac{\eta}{1 + \gamma \epsilon \eta \xi}, b \rightarrow \frac{\xi}{1 + \gamma \epsilon \eta \xi}, c \rightarrow \frac{\text{Log}[1 + \gamma \epsilon \eta \xi]}{-\gamma \epsilon} \right\}$ . Expanding in  $\epsilon$  we get

$$\mathcal{O}_{CU}(e^{\xi x + \eta y} \mid x y) = \mathcal{O}_{CU}(\lambda_\epsilon(\xi, \eta) e^{\eta y + \xi x - \eta \xi t} \mid y a x) = \mathcal{O}_{CU}(\lambda_\epsilon(\partial_x, \partial_y) e^{\eta y + \xi x - \eta \xi t} \mid y a x) \text{ and so}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{CU}(e^{\eta y + \xi x + \delta y x} \mid x y) = \mathcal{O}(\lambda_\epsilon(\partial_x, \partial_y) e^{\delta \partial_\eta \partial_\xi} e^{\eta y + \xi x - \eta \xi t} \mid y a x) = \mathcal{O}(\lambda_\epsilon(\partial_x, \partial_y) v e^{v(-t \xi \eta + \eta y + \xi x + \delta y x)} \mid y a x).$$

Logos

```

SS $\epsilon$ [ $\delta$ _] := Block[{ $\epsilon$ }, Collect[Normal@Series[ $\delta$ , { $\epsilon$ , 0, $k}],  $\epsilon$ , Together]];
(* Shielded  $\epsilon$ -Series *)
C $\Delta$ [ $t1$ _,  $y1$ _,  $a1$ _,  $x1$ _,  $\xi1$ _,  $\eta1$ _,  $\delta$ _] := Module[
  {eqn, d, b, c, sol,  $\lambda$ , q, v,  $\xi$ ,  $\eta$ },
  eqn =  $\rho$ [ $e^{\xi x_{cu}}$ ]. $\rho$ [ $e^{\eta y_{cu}}$ ] ==  $\rho$ [ $e^{d y_{cu}}$ ]. $\rho$ [ $e^{c (t1_{cu} - 2 \epsilon a_{cu})}$ ]. $\rho$ [ $e^{b x_{cu}}$ ];
  sol = Solve[Thread[Flatten/@eqn], {d, b, c}] [[1]] /. C[1]  $\rightarrow$  0;
   $\lambda$  = Simplify[ $e^{-\eta y - \xi x + \eta \xi t}$  SS $\epsilon$ [ $e^{c t + d y - 2 \epsilon c a + b x}$  /. sol]];
  q =  $e^{v (-t \xi \eta + \eta y + \xi x + \delta y x)}$ ;
  Collect[v q $^{-1}$  DP $_{\xi \rightarrow D_x, \eta \rightarrow D_y}$ [ $\lambda$ ][q] /. v  $\rightarrow$  (1 + t  $\delta$ ) $^{-1}$ ,  $\epsilon$ , Simplify] /.
  {t  $\rightarrow$   $t1$ , y  $\rightarrow$   $y1$ , a  $\rightarrow$   $a1$ , x  $\rightarrow$   $x1$ ,  $\xi$   $\rightarrow$   $\xi1$ ,  $\eta$   $\rightarrow$   $\eta1$ };

```

$CA[t, y, a, x, \xi, \eta, \delta]$

$$\frac{1}{1+t\delta} + \frac{1}{24(1+t\delta)^9}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \epsilon^2 \left( 48 a^2 (1+t\delta)^4 \left( 2\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 4\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) - \right. \\ & 24 a \gamma (1+t\delta)^4 \left( 2\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 4\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) - \\ & 48 a y \gamma (1+t\delta)^3 (x\delta+\eta) \\ & \left( 6\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 6\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) + 24 y \gamma^2 (1+t\delta)^3 \\ & (x\delta+\eta) \left( 6\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 6\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) - 48 a x \gamma \\ & (1+t\delta)^3 (y\delta+\xi) \left( 6\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 6\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) + \\ & 24 x \gamma^2 (1+t\delta)^3 (y\delta+\xi) \left( 6\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 6\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + \right. \\ & \left. (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) + 12 y^2 \gamma^2 (1+t\delta)^2 (x\delta+\eta)^2 \\ & \left( 12\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 8\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) + 12 x^2 \gamma^2 \\ & (1+t\delta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \left( 12\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 + 8\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 \right) + \\ & 24 a t \gamma (1+t\delta)^2 \left( 6\delta^3 (1+t\delta)^3 + 18\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + \right. \\ & \left. 9\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 + (x\delta+\eta)^3 (y\delta+\xi)^3 \right) - \\ & 8 t (\gamma+t\gamma\delta)^2 \left( 6\delta^3 (1+t\delta)^3 + 18\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + \right. \\ & \left. 9\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 + (x\delta+\eta)^3 (y\delta+\xi)^3 \right) + \\ & 24 x y (\gamma+t\gamma\delta)^2 \left( 6\delta^3 (1+t\delta)^3 + 18\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + \right. \\ & \left. 9\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 + (x\delta+\eta)^3 (y\delta+\xi)^3 \right) - \\ & 12 t y \gamma^2 (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta) \left( 24\delta^3 (1+t\delta)^3 + 36\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + \right. \\ & \left. 12\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 + (x\delta+\eta)^3 (y\delta+\xi)^3 \right) - \\ & 12 t x \gamma^2 (1+t\delta) (y\delta+\xi) \left( 24\delta^3 (1+t\delta)^3 + 36\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + \right. \\ & \left. 12\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 + (x\delta+\eta)^3 (y\delta+\xi)^3 \right) + \\ & 3 t^2 \gamma^2 \left( 24\delta^4 (1+t\delta)^4 + 96\delta^3 (1+t\delta)^3 (x\delta+\eta) (y\delta+\xi) + 72\delta^2 (1+t\delta)^2 \right. \\ & \left. (x\delta+\eta)^2 (y\delta+\xi)^2 + 16\delta (1+t\delta) (x\delta+\eta)^3 (y\delta+\xi)^3 + (x\delta+\eta)^4 (y\delta+\xi)^4 \right) \Big) + \\ & \frac{1}{2(1+t\delta)^5} \in \left( 4 a (1+t\delta)^2 \left( (t+xy) \delta^2 + \eta \xi + \delta (1+y\eta+x\xi) \right) + \right. \\ & \gamma \left( 2 t^3 \delta^4 + 4 t^2 \delta^2 (\delta - x y \delta^2 + \eta \xi) - 2 (y \eta (\delta (2+y \eta) + \eta \xi) + x^2 \delta (2 y^2 \delta^2 + 3 y \delta \xi + \xi^2) + \right. \\ & \left. x (3 y^2 \delta^2 \eta + 4 y \delta (\delta + \eta \xi) + \xi (2 \delta + \eta \xi))) - t (3 x^2 y^2 \delta^4 - 4 \delta \eta \xi - \eta^2 \xi^2 + \right. \\ & \left. 4 x y \delta^3 (3 + y \eta + x \xi) + \delta^2 (-2 + y^2 \eta^2 + 4 x \xi + x^2 \xi^2 + 4 y (\eta + x \eta \xi))) \right) \Big) \end{aligned}$$

$$\{ \text{Short}[\text{lhs} = \text{OCU}[\text{SS}[e^{\hbar(\xi x + \eta y + \delta xy)}], \{x, y\}], 5], \text{HL}[\text{lhs} == \text{OCU}[\text{SS}[e^{\hbar v(\xi x + \eta y + \delta xy - t \hbar \xi \eta)} \text{CA}[t, y, a, x, \hbar \xi, \hbar \eta, \hbar \delta] /. v \to (1 + \hbar t \delta)^{-1}], \{y, a, x\}]]] \}$$

$$\{ (1 - t \delta \hbar + t^2 \delta^2 \hbar^2 + t \gamma \delta^2 \epsilon \hbar^2 - t \eta \xi \hbar^2 - t^3 \delta^3 \hbar^3 - 3 t^2 \gamma \delta^3 \epsilon \hbar^3 - 2 t \gamma^2 \delta^3 \epsilon^2 \hbar^3 + 2 t^2 \delta \eta \xi \hbar^3 + 2 t \gamma \delta \epsilon \eta \xi \hbar^3) \text{CU}[] + (2 \delta \epsilon \hbar - 4 t \delta^2 \epsilon \hbar^2 - 2 \gamma \delta^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar^2 + 2 \epsilon \eta \xi \hbar^2 + 6 t^2 \delta^3 \epsilon \hbar^3 + 12 t \gamma \delta^3 \epsilon^2 \hbar^3 - 8 t \delta \epsilon \eta \xi \hbar^3 - 4 \gamma \delta \epsilon^2 \eta \xi \hbar^3) \text{CU}[a] + (\xi \hbar - 2 t \delta \xi \hbar^2 - 2 \gamma \delta \epsilon \xi \hbar^2 + 3 t^2 \delta^2 \xi \hbar^3 + 9 t \gamma \delta^2 \epsilon \xi \hbar^3 + 6 \gamma^2 \delta^2 \epsilon^2 \xi \hbar^3 - t \eta \xi^2 \hbar^3 - \gamma \epsilon \eta \xi^2 \hbar^3) \text{CU}[x] + (\eta \hbar - 2 t \delta \eta \hbar^2 - 2 \gamma \delta \epsilon \eta \hbar^2 + 3 t^2 \delta^2 \eta \hbar^3 + 9 t \gamma \delta^2 \epsilon \eta \hbar^3 + 6 \gamma^2 \delta^2 \epsilon^2 \eta \hbar^3 - t \eta^2 \xi \hbar^3 - \gamma \epsilon \eta^2 \xi \hbar^3) \text{CU}[y] + (4 \delta^2 \epsilon^2 \hbar^2 - 12 t \delta^3 \epsilon^2 \hbar^3 + 8 \delta \epsilon^2 \eta \xi \hbar^3) \text{CU}[a, a] + (4 \delta \epsilon \xi \hbar^2 - 12 t \delta^2 \epsilon \xi \hbar^3 - 18 \gamma \delta^2 \epsilon^2 \xi \hbar^3 + 2 \epsilon \eta \xi^2 \hbar^3) \text{CU}[a, x] + \ll 18 \gg + \frac{1}{2} \delta \eta^2 \hbar^3 \text{CU}[y, y, y, x] + 3 \delta^3 \epsilon \hbar^3 \text{CU}[y, y, a, x, x] + \frac{1}{2} \delta^2 \xi \hbar^3 \text{CU}[y, y, x, x, x] + \frac{1}{2} \delta^2 \eta \hbar^3 \text{CU}[y, y, y, x, x] + \frac{1}{6} \delta^3 \hbar^3 \text{CU}[y, y, y, x, x, x], \text{True} \}$$

## The Quantum Logos QΛ

Goal 1: In QU, compute  $F = e^{-\eta y} e^{\xi x} e^{\eta y} e^{-\xi x}$ .

First compute  $G = e^{\xi x} y e^{-\xi x}$ , a finite sum.

Now  $F$  satisfies the ODE  $\partial_\eta F = \partial_\eta (e^{-\eta y} e^{\eta G}) = -yF + FG$  with initial conditions  $F(\eta=0) = 1$ . So we set it up and solve:

Logos

```

QΛ[T1_, y1_, a1_, x1_, ξ1_, η1_, δ_] := Module[
  {G, F, fs, f, bs, e, b, es, λ, q, v, ξ, η, t},
  G = Simp[
    Table[ξ^k/k!, {k, 0, $k + 1}].NestList[Simp[xqu ** # - #** xqu] &, yqu, $k + 1];
  fs = Flatten@Table[f1,i,j,k[η], {1, 0, $k}, {i, 0, 1}, {j, 0, 1}, {k, 0, 1}];
  F = fs.(bs = fs /. f1,i,j,k[η] := e^L QU@{y^i, a^j, x^k});
  es = Flatten[
    Table[Coefficient[e, b] == 0, {e, {F - 1qu /. η → 0, F ** G - yqu ** F - ∂η F}}, {b, bs}]]];
  {λ} = F /. DSolve[es, fs, η] /. {e → 1, QU → Times};
  q = e^v (-t ξ η + η y + ξ x + δ y x);
  Collect[v q^-1 DP_ξ→D_x, η→D_y[λ][q] /. v → (1 + t δ)^-1 /. t → (T^2 - 1)/ħ, e, Simplify] /.
  {T → T1, y → y1, a → a1, x → x1, ξ → ξ1, η → η1}];

```

**QA[T, y, a, x, ξ, η, δ]**

$$\frac{\hbar}{(-1 + T^2) \delta + \hbar} + \frac{1}{4 \left( (-1 + T^2) \delta + \hbar \right)^5} \epsilon \hbar^2 \left( 8 a T^2 \left( (-1 + T^2) \delta + \hbar \right)^2 \left( \eta \xi \hbar + \delta \left( 1 + y \eta + x \xi \right) \hbar + \delta^2 \left( -1 + T^2 + x y \hbar \right) \right) + \gamma \left( \eta \xi \hbar^2 \left( (-1 + 3 T^2) \eta \left( (-1 + T^2) \xi - 2 y \hbar \right) + 2 x \hbar \left( \xi - 3 T^2 \xi + 2 y \hbar \right) \right) + (-1 + T^2) \delta^4 \left( -2 + 6 T^6 - x^2 y^2 \hbar^2 - 2 T^4 \left( 7 + 4 x y \hbar \right) + T^2 \left( 10 + 8 x y \hbar - 5 x^2 y^2 \hbar^2 \right) \right) - 4 \delta^3 \hbar \left( 1 - 3 T^6 + x^2 y^2 \hbar^2 + T^4 \left( 7 + 2 x y \left( 3 + y \eta \right) \hbar + 2 x^2 y \xi \hbar \right) + T^2 \left( -5 - 2 x y \left( 3 + y \eta \right) \hbar + x^2 y \hbar \left( -2 \xi + y \hbar \right) \right) \right) + 2 \delta \hbar^2 \left( \left( 1 - 3 T^2 \right) y^2 \eta^2 \hbar + 2 \eta \left( \xi + 3 T^4 \xi - 4 T^2 \xi \left( 1 + x y \hbar \right) + y \hbar \left( 1 - 3 T^2 + x y \hbar \right) \right) + x \hbar \left( \left( x - 3 T^2 x \right) \xi^2 + 2 y \hbar + \xi \left( 2 - 6 T^2 + 2 x y \hbar \right) \right) \right) - \delta^2 \hbar \left( \left( 1 - 4 T^2 + 3 T^4 \right) y^2 \eta^2 \hbar + \hbar \left( -2 + 3 T^4 \left( -2 + 4 x \xi + x^2 \xi^2 \right) + 4 x \left( \xi + y \hbar \right) + x^2 \left( \xi^2 + 2 y \xi \hbar - 4 y^2 \hbar^2 \right) - 2 T^2 \left( -4 + x \left( 8 \xi - 6 y \hbar \right) + x^2 \xi \left( 2 \xi - 5 y \hbar \right) \right) \right) + 2 \eta \left( -2 \left( -1 + T^2 \right) \xi \left( 1 + 3 T^4 - 2 T^2 \left( 2 + x y \hbar \right) \right) + y \hbar \left( 2 + 6 T^4 + x y \hbar + T^2 \left( -8 + 5 x y \hbar \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

**{Short[lhs = SimpT@OQu[SS[e<sup>ħ(ξx+ηy+δxy)</sup>], {x, y}], 5],  
rhs = SimpT@OQu[SS[e<sup>ħv(ξx+ηy+δxy-(T<sup>2</sup>-1)ξη)</sup>QA[T, y, a, x, ħξ, ħη, ħδ] /. v → (1 + (T<sup>2</sup> - 1) δ)<sup>-1</sup>], {y, a, x}];  
HL[Simplify[lhs == rhs]]}**

$$\left\{ \left( 1 - t \delta \hbar + \left( -\frac{t^2 \delta}{2} + t^2 \delta^2 + t \gamma \delta^2 \epsilon - t \eta \xi \right) \hbar^2 + \left( -\frac{t^3 \delta}{6} + t^3 \delta^2 - t^3 \delta^3 + 2 t^2 \gamma \delta^2 \epsilon - 3 t^2 \gamma \delta^3 \epsilon - \frac{1}{2} t^2 \eta \xi + 2 t^2 \delta \eta \xi + 2 t \gamma \delta \epsilon \eta \xi \right) \hbar^3 \right) \text{QU}[] + (2 \delta \epsilon \hbar + (2 t \delta \epsilon - 4 t \delta^2 \epsilon + 2 \epsilon \eta \xi) \hbar^2 + (t^2 \delta \epsilon - 6 t^2 \delta^2 \epsilon + 6 t^2 \delta^3 \epsilon + 2 t \epsilon \eta \xi - 8 t \delta \epsilon \eta \xi) \hbar^3) \text{QU}[a] + \ll 21 \gg + \frac{1}{2} \delta^2 \eta \hbar^3 \text{QU}[y, y, y, x, x] + \frac{1}{6} \delta^3 \hbar^3 \text{QU}[y, y, y, x, x, x], \text{True} \right\}$$

## CO, QO, and Swaps

Swaps from Pensieve://Talks/Toulouse-1705/DogmaDemo.nb and from Pensieve://Talks/Sydney-1708/ExtraDetails@@.nb.

CdsO

```
SetAttributes[{CO, QO}, Orderless];
CU@CO[specs___, E[L_, Q_, P_]] := Ocu[SS[eL+QP], specs];
QU@QO[specs___, E[L_, Q_, P_]] := Oqu[SS[eL+QP], specs];
```

**CU@CO[E[ħ t<sub>1</sub> a<sub>2</sub>, ħ t<sub>1</sub><sup>-1</sup> (e<sup>t<sub>1</sub></sup> - 1) y<sub>1</sub> x<sub>2</sub>, 1 + e x<sub>1</sub> y<sub>2</sub>], {y<sub>1</sub>, x<sub>1</sub>}<sub>1</sub>, {x<sub>2</sub>, a<sub>2</sub>, y<sub>2</sub>}<sub>2</sub>] // Short**

$$\text{CU}[] + \ll 27 \gg + \text{CU}[y_1, x_1] \left( -\gamma \in \hbar^2 t_2 + e^{t_1} \gamma \in \hbar^2 t_2 + \frac{\epsilon \hbar t_2}{t_1} - \frac{e^{t_1} \epsilon \hbar t_2}{t_1} + \frac{1}{2} \gamma^2 \in \hbar^3 t_1 t_2 - \frac{1}{2} e^{t_1} \gamma^2 \in \hbar^3 t_1 t_2 \right)$$

**HL[ρ[e<sup>ξCUex</sup>].ρ[e<sup>αCUea</sup>] == ρ[e<sup>αCUea</sup>].ρ[e<sup>e<sup>-γξ</sup>CUex</sup>]]**

**True**

SW

```

SWxi, aj [ (O : CO | QO) [OrderlessPatternSequence [{Lh____, xi, aj, rh____}_s,
  more____, E[L_, Q_, P_]]] ] := O[{Lh, aj, xi, rh}_s, more,
  With[{q = e-γ α ξ xi + α aj},
    E[L, e-γ α ξ xi + (Q /. xi → θ), e-q DPxi→Dξ, aj→Dα}[P][eq]] /. {α → ∂ajL, ξ → ∂xiQ}]]

```

```

co = CO[E[ħ t1 a2, ħ t1-1 (et1 - 1) y1 x2, 1 + ε x1 y2], {y1, x1}_1, {x2, a2, y2}_2]

```

```

CO[{y1, x1}_1, {x2, a2, y2}_2, E[ħ a2 t1,  $\frac{(-1 + e^{t_1}) \hbar x_2 y_1}{t_1}$ , 1 + ε x1 y2]]

```

```

SWx2, a2 [co]

```

```

CO[{y1, x1}_1, {a2, x2, y2}_2, E[ħ a2 t1,  $\frac{e^{-\gamma \hbar t_1} (-1 + e^{t_1}) \hbar x_2 y_1}{t_1}$ , 1 + ε x1 y2]]

```

```

With[{co = CO[{y1, x1}_1, {x2, a2, y2}_2, E[ħ t1 a2, ħ t1-1 (et1 - 1) y1 x2, 1 + ε x1 y2]]}],
  HL[CU[co] == CU[co // SWx2, a2]]]

```

```

True

```

```

With[{co = CO[{y1, a1, x1}_1, {x2, a2, y2}_2,
  E[ħ (l11 t1 a1 + l12 t1 a2 + l21 t2 a1 + l22 t2 a2), ħ (γ11 x1 y1 + γ12 x1 y2 + γ21 x2 y1 + γ22 x2 y2),
  1 + ε (l1 a1 + l2 a2 + p11 x1 y1 + p12 x1 y2 + p21 x2 y1 + p22 x2 y2)]}],
  {CU[co] // Short, HL[CU[co] == CU[co // SWx2, a2]]]
}

```

```

{<<1>>, True}

```

```

With[{qo = QO[{y1, a1, x1}_1, {x2, a2, y2}_2,
  E[ħ (l11 t1 a1 + l12 t1 a2 + l21 t2 a1 + l22 t2 a2), ħ (γ11 x1 y1 + γ12 x1 y2 + γ21 x2 y1 + γ22 x2 y2),
  1 + ε (l1 a1 + l2 a2 + p11 x1 y1 + p12 x1 y2 + p21 x2 y1 + p22 x2 y2)]}],
  {QU[qo] // Short, HL[QU[qo] == QU[qo // SWx2, a2]]]
}

```

```

{<<1>>, True}

```

SW

```

SWaj, yi [ (O : CO | QO) [OrderlessPatternSequence [{Lh____, aj, yi, rh____}_s,
  more____, E[L_, Q_, P_]]] ] := O[{Lh, yi, aj, rh}_s, more,
  With[{q = e-γ α η yi + α aj},
    E[L, e-γ α η yi + (Q /. yi → θ), e-q DPyi→Dη, aj→Dα}[P][eq]] /. {α → ∂ajL, η → ∂yiQ}]]

```

```

With[{qo = QO[{y1, a1, x1}_1, {x2, a2, y2}_2,
  E[ħ (l11 t1 a1 + l12 t1 a2 + l21 t2 a1 + l22 t2 a2), ħ (γ11 x1 y1 + γ12 x1 y2 + γ21 x2 y1 + γ22 x2 y2),
  1 + ε (l1 a1 + l2 a2 + p11 x1 y1 + p12 x1 y2 + p21 x2 y1 + p22 x2 y2)]}],
  {QU[qo] // Short, HL[QU[qo] == QU[qo // SWa2, y2]]]
}

```

```

{<<1>>, True}

```

SW

```

SWxi,yj→k[CO[{Lh____, xi, yj, rh____} s, more____, E[L_, Q_, P_]]] :=
CO[{Lh, yk, ak, xk, rh} s, more,
With[{q = v (ξ xk + η yk + δ xk yk - tk ξ η)},
E[L, q + (Q /. xi | yj → θ), e-q DPxi→Dε,yj→Dη}[P][CΔ[tk, yk, ak, xk, ξ, η, δ] eq]] /.
v → (1 + tk δ)-1 /. {ξ → (∂xi Q /. yj → θ), η → (∂yj Q /. xi → θ), δ → ∂xi,yj Q}]]

```

```

With[{co = CO[{x1, y1}1, {x2, a2, y2}2,
E[ħ (l12 t1 a2 + l22 t2 a2), ħ (γ11 x1 y1 + γ12 x1 y2 + γ21 x2 y1 + γ22 x2 y2),
1 + ε (l2 a2 + p11 x1 y1 + p12 x1 y2 + p21 x2 y1 + p22 x2 y2)]}],
{CU[co] // Short, HL[CU[co] == CU[co // SWx1,y1→1]]}
]

```

$$\left\{ 12 \epsilon^2 \hbar^3 \text{CU}[y_1, a_1, a_1, x_1] \gamma_{11}^3 + \frac{16}{3} \epsilon^2 \hbar^3 \ll 1 \gg p_{11} \gamma_{11}^3 + \right.$$

$$\left. \ll 157 \gg + \ll 1 \gg + \text{CU}[] (1 - \epsilon p_{11} t_1 - \epsilon p_{22} t_2 + \ll 294 \gg) + 3 \gamma \in \hbar^3 l_2 t_2^3 \gamma_{22}^3 + \right.$$

$$\left. 24 \gamma \epsilon^2 \hbar^3 p_{22} t_2^3 \gamma_{22}^3 + \epsilon \hbar^3 p_{11} t_1 t_2^3 \gamma_{22}^3 + 4 \epsilon \hbar^3 p_{22} t_2^4 \gamma_{22}^3 \right\}, \text{True}$$

SW

```

SWxi,yj→k[QO[{Lh____, xi, yj, rh____} s, more____, E[L_, Q_, P_]]] :=
QO[{Lh, yk, ak, xk, rh} s, more,
With[{q = v (ξ xk + η yk + δ xk yk - ħ-1 (Tk2 - 1) ξ η)},
E[L, q + (Q /. xi | yj → θ), e-q DPxi→Dε,yj→Dη}[P][QΔ[Tk, yk, ak, xk, ξ, η, δ] eq]] /.
v → (1 + ħ-1 (Tk2 - 1) δ)-1 /. {ξ → (∂xi Q /. yj → θ), η → (∂yj Q /. xi → θ), δ → ∂xi,yj Q}]]

```

```

With[{qo = QO[{x1, y1}1, {x2, a2, y2}2,
E[ħ (l12 t1 a2 + l22 t2 a2), ħ (γ11 x1 y1 + γ12 x1 y2 + γ21 x2 y1 + γ22 x2 y2),
1 + ε (l2 a2 + p11 x1 y1 + p12 x1 y2 + p21 x2 y1 + p22 x2 y2)]}],
{QU[qo] // Short, HL[err = SimpT[QU[qo] - QU[qo // SWx1,y1→1]]]}
]

```

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{6} \in \hbar^3 \text{QU}[y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, x_1, x_1, x_1, x_1] p_{11} \gamma_{11}^3 + \ll 159 \gg + \text{QU}[] \right.$$

$$\left. \left( 1 + \frac{\epsilon p_{11}}{\hbar} + \frac{\epsilon p_{22}}{\hbar} - \gamma \in l_{12} p_{22} t_1 + \ll 1713 \gg + \frac{\epsilon p_{11} T_1^2 T_2^6 \gamma_{22}^3}{\hbar} + 36 \gamma \epsilon^2 p_{22} T_2^8 \gamma_{22}^3 + \frac{4 \epsilon p_{22} T_2^8 \gamma_{22}^3}{\hbar} \right), \theta \right\}$$

## Stitching Direct

```

MatrixExp[η1 ρ[CU@y]].MatrixExp[α1 ρ[CU@a]].MatrixExp[ξ1 ρ[CU@x]].MatrixExp[η2 ρ[CU@y]].
MatrixExp[α2 ρ[CU@a]].MatrixExp[ξ2 ρ[CU@x]] // Simplify // MatrixForm

```

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{\gamma (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)} (1 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1) & e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma (e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \xi_2 + \xi_1 (1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_2)) \\ e^{\gamma \alpha_2} (\eta_2 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_1 (1 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1)) & 1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in (\eta_2 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_1 (1 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1)) \xi_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{eqn} &= \text{MatrixExp}[\eta_1 \rho[\text{CU@y}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\alpha_1 \rho[\text{CU@a}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\xi_1 \rho[\text{CU@x}]] \cdot \\ &\quad \text{MatrixExp}[\eta_2 \rho[\text{CU@y}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\alpha_2 \rho[\text{CU@a}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\xi_2 \rho[\text{CU@x}]] == \\ &\quad e^{\tau\theta \epsilon^\gamma} \text{MatrixExp}[\eta\theta \rho[\text{CU@y}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\alpha\theta \rho[\text{CU@a}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\xi\theta \rho[\text{CU@x}]] \\ &\{ \{ e^{\gamma \alpha_2} (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1), e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \xi_1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1) \xi_2 \}, \\ &\quad \{ e^{\gamma \alpha_2} (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \in \eta_1 + \epsilon \eta_2 (1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1)), \\ &\quad 1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \in \eta_1 + \epsilon \eta_2 (1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1)) \xi_2 \} \} == \\ &\{ \{ e^{\alpha\theta \gamma + \gamma \in \tau\theta}, e^{\alpha\theta \gamma + \gamma \in \tau\theta} \gamma \xi\theta \}, \{ e^{\alpha\theta \gamma + \gamma \in \tau\theta} \in \eta\theta, e^{\gamma \in \tau\theta} (1 + e^{\alpha\theta \gamma} \gamma \in \eta\theta \xi\theta) \} \} \end{aligned}$$

**sol** = Block[{ $\epsilon$ ], Solve[Thread[Flatten /@ eqn], { $\tau\theta$ ,  $\eta\theta$ ,  $\alpha\theta$ ,  $\xi\theta$ }]][1]

**Solve:** Inconsistent or redundant transcendental equation. After reduction, the bad equation is +

$$\text{Log}[e^{\gamma(\alpha\theta + \tau\theta)}] - \text{Log}[e^{\gamma \alpha_2} (e^{\gamma \text{Subscript}[\llbracket 2 \rrbracket]} + e^{\gamma \text{Times}[\llbracket 2 \rrbracket]} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1)] = 0.$$

**Solve:** Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution information. +


**Solve:** Equations may not give solutions for all "solve" variables. +

$$\begin{aligned} \tau\theta &\rightarrow \frac{1}{\gamma \epsilon} \left( -\text{Log}[e^{\alpha\theta \gamma}] + \text{Log}[e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} + e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1] \right), \eta\theta \rightarrow \frac{1}{\gamma \epsilon (\xi_1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \xi_2 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2)} \\ &e^{-\gamma \alpha_1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1 + \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_2 + \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_2 + \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2 - \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\left( (-1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2)^2 + \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. 4 e^{-\alpha\theta \gamma + \gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \epsilon (-e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_1 \xi_1 - \eta_2 \xi_1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1^2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \eta_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \eta_2 \xi_2 - \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. 2 e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2^2 \xi_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \eta_1 \eta_2^2 \xi_1^2 \xi_2) \right) \right), \\ \xi\theta &\rightarrow \frac{1}{e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_1 + \eta_2 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1} e^{-\gamma \alpha_2} \left( \frac{1}{2 \gamma \epsilon} + \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_1 \xi_1 + \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \eta_1 \xi_2 + \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \eta_2 \xi_2 + \frac{1}{2} e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2 - \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{1}{2 \gamma \epsilon} \left( \sqrt{\left( (-1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2)^2 + \right. \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. 4 e^{-\alpha\theta \gamma + \gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \epsilon (-e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_1 \xi_1 - \eta_2 \xi_1 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1^2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \eta_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \eta_2 \xi_2 - \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. 2 e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma \in \eta_2^2 \xi_1 \xi_2 - e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} \gamma^2 \epsilon^2 \eta_1 \eta_2^2 \xi_1^2 \xi_2) \right) \right) \right) \} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{eqn} &= \text{MatrixExp}[\eta_1 \rho[\text{CU@y}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\alpha_1 \rho[\text{CU@a}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\xi_1 \rho[\text{CU@x}]] \cdot \\ &\quad \text{MatrixExp}[\eta_2 \rho[\text{CU@y}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\alpha_2 \rho[\text{CU@a}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\xi_2 \rho[\text{CU@x}]] == \\ &\quad T\theta \text{MatrixExp}[\eta\theta \rho[\text{CU@y}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\alpha\theta \rho[\text{CU@a}]] \cdot \text{MatrixExp}[\xi\theta \rho[\text{CU@x}]] \\ &\{ \{ e^{\gamma \alpha_2} (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1), e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \xi_1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1) \xi_2 \}, \\ &\quad \{ e^{\gamma \alpha_2} (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \in \eta_1 + \epsilon \eta_2 (1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1)), \\ &\quad 1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_2} \gamma (e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \in \eta_1 + \epsilon \eta_2 (1 + e^{\gamma \alpha_1} \gamma \in \eta_1 \xi_1)) \xi_2 \} \} == \\ &\{ \{ e^{\alpha\theta \gamma} T\theta, e^{\alpha\theta \gamma} T\theta \gamma \xi\theta \}, \{ e^{\alpha\theta \gamma} T\theta \in \eta\theta, T\theta (1 + e^{\alpha\theta \gamma} \gamma \in \eta\theta \xi\theta) \} \} \end{aligned}$$



```
sol = Block[{ϵ}, Solve[Thread[Flatten /@ eqn], {T0, η0, α0, ξ0}]] [[1]]
```

Solve: Inverse functions are being used by Solve, so some solutions may not be found; use Reduce for complete solution  information.

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} T0 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1}, \eta0 \rightarrow \frac{\eta_1 + e^{-\gamma \alpha_1} \eta_2 + \gamma \in \eta_1 \eta_2 \xi_1}{1 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1}, \\ \alpha0 &\rightarrow \frac{\text{Log}\left[e^{\gamma \alpha_1 + \gamma \alpha_2} (1 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1)^2\right]}{\gamma}, \xi0 \rightarrow \frac{e^{-\gamma \alpha_2} \xi_1 + \xi_2 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1 \xi_2}{1 + \gamma \in \eta_2 \xi_1} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

## E

$E[L, Q, P]$  means  $e^{\hbar(L+Q)} P$ , where  $L$  is linear in the  $a$ 's,  $Q$  is a combination of  $x_i y_j$ , and  $P$  is a perturbation polynomial. It should be interpreted via  $CO[E[...], \{x_1, a_1, y_1\}_j, \dots]$  (with some default for direct interpretation), or likewise via  $QO[E[...], \{x_1, a_1, y_1\}_j, \dots]$ . In themselves,  $CO$  and  $QO$  should have an interpretation in  $CU/QU$  by casting.