This is a preview of what students will see when they are submitting the assignment. Interactive features are disabled.



Solve and submit your solutions of the following problems. Note that the late policy is very strict - you will lose 5% for each hour that you are late. In other words, please submit on time!

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Due date Tuesday, November 19, 2024 11:59 pm (Eastern Standard Time)

Late penalty 5% deducted per hour

Q1 (0 points)

Read sections 51-55 in Munkres' textbook (Topology, 2nd edition). Remember that reading math isn't like reading a novel! If you read a novel and miss a few details most likely you'll still understand the novel. But if you miss a few details in a math text, often you'll miss everything that follows. So reading math takes reading and rereading and rereading and a lot of thought about what you've read.

Q2 (30 points)

If X and Y are topological spaces, we say that two continuous functions $F_0: X \to Y$ and $F_1: X \to Y$ are homotopic if there exists a continuous function $H: X \times I \to Y$ such that for all $x \in X$, $H(x, 0) = F_0(x)$ and $H(x, 1) = F_1(x)$. In that case, we write $F_0 \sim F_1$.

(a) Prove that the relation \sim is an equivalence relation.

(b) If γ is a path in X and if $F: X \to Y$ is continuous, we define a path in Y by $F_*\gamma := F \circ \gamma$. Show that if γ_0 and γ_1 are path homotopic in X then $F_*\gamma_0$ and $F_*\gamma_1$ are path homotopic in Y.

(c) Prove that if $F_i: X \to Y$ and $G_i: Y \to Z$ are continuous for i = 0, 1, and if $F_0 \sim F_1$ and $G_0 \sim G_1$, then $G_0 \circ F_0 \sim G_1 \circ F_1$.

Q3 (20 points)

Let X be a path connected space, and recall that we say that X is simply-connected if for some $x_0 \in X$, the group $\pi_1(X, x_0)$ is trivial (and in that case, for any $x_0 \in X$ the group $\pi_1(X, x_0)$ is trivial). Recall also that $S^1 = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^2 : |x| = 1\}$ is the unit circle in \mathbb{R}^2 .

(a) Show that X is simply connected if and only if any two paths γ_0 and γ_1 in X that have the same endpoints (namely, $\gamma_0(0) = \gamma_1(0)$ and $\gamma_0(1) = \gamma_1(1)$) are path homotopic.

(b) Show that X is simply connected if and only if, using the same language as in the previous question, every continuous function $\lambda : S^1 \to X$ is homotopic to a constant function. **Warning.** A homotopy from such a λ to a constant function need not keep any basepoint in place.

Q4 (30 points)

Recall that $S^2 = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^3 : |x| = 1\}$ is the unit sphere in \mathbb{R}^3 . It is well known (and can be used freely) that S^2 with one point removed is homeomorphic to \mathbb{R}^2 .

(a) Show that any continuous $\lambda_0: S^1 \to S^2$ which is not surjective is homotopic to a constant function. (Warning. There actually exist continuous surjective maps $\lambda_0: S^1 \to S^2$! If you don't believe, web-search "Peano Curve" and complete the missing details on your own).

(b) Show that any continuous $\lambda: S^1 \to S^2$ is homotopic to a continuous $\lambda_0: S^1 \to S^2$ which is not surjective.

