

$$bh(m, n) := \bigoplus_n FL(x^1, \dots, x^m) \quad (\oplus tr_m)$$

Q. Suppose I know the infinitesimal swap operation on $bh(m, n)$. How do I deduce the global one?

Ans. I'm not sure there is a meaningful infinitesimal swap operation.

$$\beta = (\beta_1, \dots, \beta_n) \in bh(m, h)$$

$$(1 - C_i^j) \gamma = \beta // x^j \rightarrow z$$

$$\text{where } C_i^j \gamma := \gamma // x^j \mapsto e^{-\beta_i} z e^{\beta_i} \quad (\text{nice to } \circ \text{th})$$

Take II.

$$bh(T, H) := (FL(T))^H \quad (\oplus tr(T))$$

$$\beta \in bh(T, H) \quad x, y \text{ tails, } h \text{ head}$$

$$A_y^{hx}(\beta) = \beta // \underbrace{x \mapsto e^{\text{ad}(h)}(y)}_{C_y^{hx} = C}$$

Test.

$$\beta // hm_h^{h_1 h_2} // A_y^{hx} \stackrel{?}{=} \beta // A_z^{h_1 x} // A_y^{h_2 x} // hm_h^{h_1 h_2}$$

Question. Can I re-derive the β -Formulas from

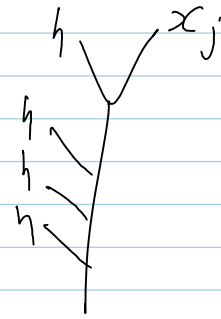
Question. Can I re-derive the β -Formulas From this?

$$[x, y] = C_x y - C_y x$$

$$h \mapsto \sum \alpha_j x_j$$

$$\text{ad}(h)(\sum \alpha'_j x_j) = \sum_{i \neq j} \alpha_i \alpha'_j (C_i x_j - C_j x_i)$$

$$e^{\text{ad}(h)}(x_j) =$$



~~There should be meta-semi-direct-product of
n vector fields on \mathfrak{g}^m ; perhaps better,
"n one parameter groups of diffeomorphisms of \mathfrak{g}^m ".~~