

Rephrasing KV-Naive

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KV-Naive: If  $F, g \in \text{Fun}(G)^G$  and  $(\Phi F) \in \text{Fun}(g)^G$  is defined by  $(\Phi F)(x) = j^{1/2}(x)F(e^x)$  with  $j$  as usual, then

$$\Phi(F * g) = \Phi(F) * \Phi(g)$$

$\uparrow$  convolution on  $G$                        $\uparrow$  convolution on  $g$

$$j(x) = \text{jacobian of } x \mapsto e^x$$

Rephrasing goals: 1. Replace "convolution" by multiplication of  $\mathcal{U}(g)$ -valued measures.

(that is,  $w \in \text{Fun}(g) \mapsto \int w(x)e^x dx \in \mathcal{U}(g)$ )

2. The "inputs"  $F, g$  should be replaced by functions on  $g$ .

KV-Rephrased: If  $u, v \in \text{Fun}(g)^G$  then

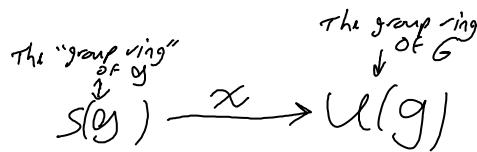
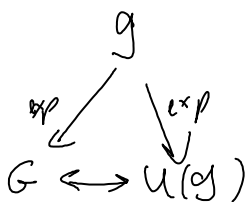
$$\int \int j(x)dx j(y)dy \cdot \underbrace{j^{1/2}(x)j^{1/2}(y)}_{j^{1/2}(\log e^{x+y})} = \int dx dy u(x)v(y) e^{x+y}$$

$$u(x) = j^{1/2}(x)F(e^x)$$

$$v(x) = j^{1/2}(x)g(e^x)$$

So

$$F(e^x) = j^{-1/2}u(x) \dots$$



claims when restricted to invariants and "wheeled", this is an algebra isomorphism.

