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still spans V . In particular
 $|A| \geq n = |L|$.

PF from lemma let β be a basis
of V w/ $|\beta| = n$, let γ be another
basis of V

Then 1. γ generates & β 's lin indep.
So by replacement,

$$n = |\beta| \leq |\gamma|$$

2. Take some $\gamma' \subset \gamma$ that has $|\gamma'| = n$.

Then γ' is a subset of a lin indep.
set. γ' is lin indep. and β is generating,
So by replacement, $|\gamma'| \leq |\beta| = n$.

So every finite subset of γ' has at most n
elements so $|\gamma'| \leq n \Rightarrow |\gamma'| = n$

observation if $\sum \alpha_i u_i = 0$.

then any vector that appears with a coefficient not equal to 0 is a l.c. of the others.

i.e. suppose for a specific j $d_j \neq 0$

example: $0.5u_1 + 0u_2 + 7u_3 = 0$

$$0.5u_1 = -0u_2 - 7u_3$$

$$u_1 = \frac{-0u_2 - 7u_3}{0.5}$$

$$= 0u_2 - 14u_3$$

$$d_j u_j + \sum_{i \neq j} \alpha_i u_i = \sum \alpha_i u_i = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow d_j u_j = \sum_{i \neq j} (-\alpha_i) u_i / d_j^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_j = \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{-\alpha_i}{d_j} u_i$$

PP of replacement.

By induction on $|U|$ w/o ceremony

If $|U|=0$ nothing to prove. ($R=\emptyset$)

Assume lemma for sets w/ n elements

assume $|U|=n+1$

$$L = \langle v_1, \dots, v_{n+1} \rangle$$

by span $(G \setminus R') \cup L' = V$, can write

$$v_{n+1} = \sum_{i=1}^m \alpha_i u_i + b_1 v_1 + \dots + b_n v_n$$

for $u_i \in G \setminus R'$, so

$$0 = \sum_{i=1}^m \alpha_i u_i + b_1 v_1 + \dots + b_n v_n - v_{n+1}$$

In this lin. comb at least one of

the α_j 's is non-zero.

or else, we have

$$0 = a_1 v_1 + a_2 v_2 + \dots + a_n v_n - v_{n+1}$$

contracting the lin. ind of L