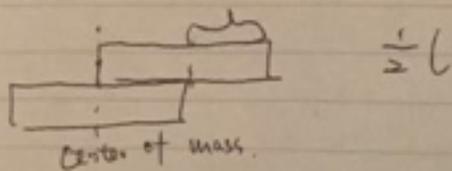


claim: by adding ^{the nth} ~~each~~ brick, the extra length that nth brick creates is $\frac{1}{2n}$.

Induction: when $n=1$



In order to prevent it from collapsing, the left of brick has to be on the center of ^{the structure} mass of ~~it~~ before.

when kth brick ^{increase length} increase the total length by $\frac{1}{2k}$.

assume the total ~~L~~ is now L.

first k-1 bricks

$$\frac{(L-L)(k) m + (L - \frac{L}{2}) \cdot m}{(k+1)m} = \frac{kL - kL + \frac{L}{2}}{k}$$

including original \nearrow

$$= L - L + \frac{L}{2(k+1)}$$

by adding the kth brick

$$L_{k+1} = L + \frac{L}{2(k+1)}$$

since $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ is diverging because

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln(x) \Big|_0^{\infty} \text{ not defined.}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum \frac{1}{n} = \sum \frac{1}{2n} \text{ diverges.}$$

We can go infinity.