

$$A = (a_{ij}) \quad B = (b_{ij})$$

$$C = A + B = (c_{ij})$$

then $c_{ij} = a_{ij} + b_{ij}$

$$7 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 14 \\ 21 & 28 \end{pmatrix}$$

claim These defns satisfy 1/51-58.

eg. 3 Let S be a set $S = \begin{pmatrix} \text{cat} \\ \text{cow} \\ \text{bee} \end{pmatrix}$

Let F be a field

$$F(S, F) = \{ \varphi: S \rightarrow F \}$$

function field

$$F(S, \mathbb{R}) =$$

$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \text{cat} \rightarrow -\pi \\ \text{cow} \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{bee} \rightarrow 2\pi \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \text{cat} \rightarrow \sqrt{2} \\ \text{cow} \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{bee} \rightarrow \pi \end{pmatrix} \right\}$
or
 $\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \text{cat} \rightarrow 0 \\ \text{cow} \rightarrow \pi \\ \text{bee} \rightarrow 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

↓

one function

$$0_{\mathcal{F}(S, F)}(\sigma)$$

$$\sigma \in S' = \emptyset$$

$$\varphi_1, \varphi_2 \in \mathcal{F}(S, F)$$

$$(\varphi_1 + \varphi_2)(\sigma) := \varphi_1(\sigma) +_F \varphi_2(\sigma)$$

$$\sigma \in S'$$

$$c \in F \quad \varphi \in \mathcal{V}$$

$$(c\varphi)(\sigma) := c(\varphi(\sigma))$$

Claim $\mathcal{F}(S, F)$ is indeed a V.S.

$$\text{V.S. 2} \quad \varphi_1 + (\varphi_2 + \varphi_3) = (\varphi_1 + \varphi_2) + \varphi_3$$

Let $\sigma \in S'$

$$[\varphi_1 + (\varphi_2 + \varphi_3)](\sigma)$$

$$= \varphi_1(\sigma) +_F (\varphi_2 + \varphi_3)(\sigma)$$

$$= \varphi_1(\sigma) + (\varphi_2(\sigma) + \varphi_3(\sigma))$$

$$[(\varphi_1 + \varphi_2) + \varphi_3](\sigma) \quad \parallel F_2$$

$$= \varphi_1(\sigma) + \varphi_2(\sigma) + \varphi_3(\sigma)$$

sub-eg $S = \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$

$$\mathcal{F}(S, F) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 \rightarrow \text{in } F \\ 2 \rightarrow \text{in } F \\ \vdots \\ n \rightarrow \text{in } F \end{array} \right\} \leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{c} a_1 \\ \vdots \\ a_n \\ a_i \in F \end{array} \right\}$$
$$= F^n$$

eg $P_n(F) =$ "polynomials of degree n over F "

$$= \{ a_n X^n + a_{n+1} X^{n+1} + \dots + a_1 X + a_0 \}$$
$$a_i \in F$$

$$0 := 0X^n + \dots + 0X^0 = 0$$

$$(2X^2 - 3X + 7) + (X^4 - X) = X^4 + 0X^3 + 2X^2 - 4X + 7$$

$$2(-X^5 + 240) = -2X^5 + 480$$

$$P(F) = \{ \text{polynomial of any degree} \} = \{ X^{157} - 7, X^{2014} + \pi X^{100}, \dots \}$$