

Proof: Pick a basis $(z_i)_{i=1}^n$ of $N(T)$, extend to a basis

$(z_i)_{i=1}^n \cup (v_j)_{j=1}^r$ of V and set $w_j = Tv_j$

Claim (w_j) is a basis of $R(T)$

Assuming claim

$$\dim V = n+r = \text{nullity}(T) + \text{rank}(T)$$

PF of claim: (w_j) spans.

Given $w \in R(T)$ find $v \in V$ s.t. $Tv = w$

as $(z_i) \cup (v_j)$ is a basis, I can find

α_i & β_j s.t. $v = \sum \alpha_i z_i + \sum \beta_j v_j$ so

$$\begin{aligned} w = Tv &= T\left(\sum \alpha_i z_i + \sum \beta_j v_j\right) = \sum \alpha_i Tz_i + \sum \beta_j Tv_j \\ &= \sum \beta_j w_j \end{aligned}$$

(w_j) are l.i.:

Assume $\sum \beta_j w_j = 0$, so

$$\sum \beta_j T v_j = 0 \text{ so } T(\sum \beta_j v_j) = 0$$

so $\sum \beta_j v_j \in N(T)$, so $\exists \alpha_i$ s.t.

$$\sum \beta_j v_j = \sum \alpha_i z_i$$

$$\text{So } \sum \beta_j v_j + \sum (-\alpha_i z_i) = 0.$$

but $(v_j) \cup (z_i)$ make a basis, so

$$\forall i \alpha_i = 0, \forall j \beta_j = 0.$$

In particular, in $\sum \beta_j w_j$ all coeffs are 0. So (w_j) are l.i. \square

Corollary If $\dim V = \dim W$, then

TFAE (the following are equivalent)

1. T is 1-1 $(\Leftrightarrow N(T) = \{0\} \Leftrightarrow \text{nullity}(T) = 0)$

2. T is onto

3. $\text{rank } T = \dim V$

4. T is invertible.

PF let $n = \dim V = \dim W$, by thm
 $n = \text{rank}(T) + \text{nullity}(T)$

$$(1) \Leftrightarrow \text{nullity} = 0 \Leftrightarrow \text{rank} = n \quad (3)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \dim R(T) = \dim W$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R(T) = W \quad (2)$$



T is one to one & onto
 $\Leftrightarrow T$ is invertible

claim If $T: V \rightarrow W$, $T': V' \rightarrow W$

assume $\dim V = \dim V'$, $\dim W = \dim W'$

& also that $\text{rank}(T) = \text{rank}(T')$, then

T & T' are isomorphic

meaning

