

$W_3$  is closed under addition.

$$\therefore a(a_1, \frac{2a_1+a_3}{7}, a_3) = (aa_1, \frac{2aa_1+aa_3}{7}, aa_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$\therefore (aa_1, \frac{2aa_1+aa_3}{7}, aa_3) \in W_3 \quad \frac{2aa_1+aa_3}{7} = \frac{2(aa_1)+aa_3}{7}$$

$W_3$  is closed under addition.

$\therefore W_3$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$

d) Yes

$$\text{let } a_1=a_2=a_3=0, a_1-4a_2-a_3=0.$$

$$\Rightarrow (0,0,0) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \Rightarrow (0,0,0) \in W_4$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 \in W_4$$

$$a_3 = a_1 - 4a_2$$

$$\text{Assume } a_1, a_2 \text{ s.t. } (a_1, a_2, a_1 - 4a_2) \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$\Rightarrow (a_1, a_2, a_1 - 4a_2) \in W_4$$

$$\therefore (a_1, a_2, a_1 - 4a_2) + (a_1', a_2', a_1' - 4a_2')$$

$$= (a_1+a_1', a_2+a_2', a_1+a_1' - 4a_2 - 4a_2') \in \mathbb{R}^3, a_1+a_1' - 4a_2 - 4a_2'$$

$$\therefore (a_1+a_1', a_2+a_2', a_1+a_1' - 4a_2 - 4a_2') \in W_4 = (a_1+a_1') - 4(a_2+a_2')$$

$W_4$  is closed under addition.

$$\therefore a(a_1, a_2, a_1 - 4a_2) = (aa_1, aa_2, aa_1 - 4aa_2) \in \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$aa_1 - 4aa_2 = a(aa_1) - 4(aa_2) \quad \therefore (aa_1, aa_2, aa_1 - 4aa_2) \in W_4$$

$W_4$  is closed under multiplication.

$\therefore W_4$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$

e) No.

$\therefore$  let  $a_1 = a_2 = 0 \Rightarrow a_3 = -\frac{1}{3} \neq 0$

$\therefore (0, 0, 0) \notin W_5 \Rightarrow 0 \notin W_5$

$\therefore W_5$  is not a subspace of  $R^3$

f) No.

let  $a_1 = a_2 = a_3 = 0, (0, 0, 0) \in R^3 \Rightarrow (0, 0, 0) \in W_6$

$\Rightarrow 0 \in W_6$

$5a_1^2 - 3a_2^2 + 6a_3^2 = 0$ , then we have 2 elements:

$(a_1, a_2, a_3), (a'_1, a'_2, a'_3) \in W_6$

$\therefore (a_1, a_2, a_3) + (a'_1, a'_2, a'_3)$

$= (a_1 + a'_1, a_2 + a'_2, a_3 + a'_3)$

$5(a_1 + a'_1)^2 - 3(a_2 + a'_2)^2 + 6(a_3 + a'_3)^2$   
 $= (5a_1^2 - 3a_2^2 + 6a_3^2) + (5a_1'^2 - 3a_2'^2 + 6a_3'^2) + 10a_1a'_1 - 6a_2a'_2 + 12a_3a'_3$   
 $= 0 + 0 + 10a_1a'_1 - 6a_2a'_2 + 12a_3a'_3 = 10a_1a'_1 - 6a_2a'_2 + 12a_3a'_3 \neq 0$

$\therefore (a_1 + a'_1, a_2 + a'_2, a_3 + a'_3) \notin W_6$

$\therefore W_6$  is not closed under addition.

$a(a_1, a_2, a_3) = (aa_1, aa_2, aa_3) \in R^3$

$5(aa_1)^2 - 3(aa_2)^2 + 6(aa_3)^2 = a^2(5a_1^2 - 3a_2^2 + 6a_3^2) = a^2 \cdot 0 = 0$

$W_6$  is closed under multiplication.

Hence  $W_6$  isn't a subspace of  $R^3$