

$$U(\mathfrak{g}) \otimes \mathbb{Q}[x] \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}[x]$$

$\mathbb{Q}[x]$ is a \mathfrak{h} -module of $U(\mathfrak{g})$:

$$\mathbb{Q}[x] = U(\mathfrak{g}) / U(\mathfrak{g}) \langle y, a, b - t \rangle$$

The action

$$\mathfrak{h}_1 \otimes \mathbb{Q}[x]_2 \rightarrow \mathbb{Q}[x]$$

is

$$\sim e^{(\xi_1 + \xi_2)x} \sim \pi_1 \xi_2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & & \mathfrak{h} \\
 & \nearrow \mathfrak{h} & \downarrow \\
 U(\mathfrak{g}) & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{Q}[x] \otimes \mathbb{Q}[x]
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 U(\mathfrak{g}) \otimes \mathbb{Q}[x] & & \\
 \downarrow \mathfrak{h} & \searrow & \downarrow \mathfrak{I} \\
 \mathfrak{h} \otimes \mathbb{Q}[x] & & \mathbb{Q}[x]
 \end{array}$$

$$\text{End}(\mathbb{Q}[x]) \rightarrow \mathfrak{h}$$

$$\sum_i x^i \longrightarrow$$

$$e^{\beta p} e^{\gamma x p} \sim e^{\gamma x p} e^{\beta p} e^{\alpha x p}$$

$$\sigma(\mathfrak{h}) = e^{\eta(t p - \epsilon x p^2)} e^{\beta(t + \epsilon x p)} e^{\alpha x p} e^{\xi x} // \sigma'$$

at $\epsilon=0$ this is $\sigma'(e^{\eta t p} e^{\beta t} e^{\alpha x p} e^{\xi x}) =$

$$\sigma'(e^{\beta t} e^{\eta t p} e^{\alpha p x - \alpha} e^{\xi x}) = e^{\beta t - \alpha} e^{\eta t p} e^{(\alpha p + \xi)x}$$