

Pensieve header: Palindromicity by flipping and manipulating, in Gaussian integration language.

Initialization and Programs

```
SetDirectory["C:\\drorbn\\AcademicPensieve\\Projects\\APAI"];
Once[
  << KnotTheory`;
  << Rot.m
];
CF[ε_] := Sum[Factor[∂xi,pj ε] xi pj, {i, 0, 2 n + 2}, {j, 0, 2 n + 2}];
```

```
δi_,j_ := If[i === j, 1, 0];
gRuless_,i_,j_ := {giβ_ → δiβ + T^s gi+1,β + (1 - T^s) gj+1,β, gjβ_ → δjβ + gj+1,β,
  ga_,i → T^-s (ga,i+1 - δa,i+1), ga,j → ga,j+1 - (1 - T^s) ga,i - δa,j+1}
```

pdf

```
In[=]:= {p*, x*, p̄*, x̄*} = {π, ξ, π̄, ξ̄}; (z_i_)* := (z*) i;
Zip[] [ε_] := ε;
Zip[z_, zs___][ε_] := (Collect[ε // Zip[zs], z] /. f_. z^d_. → (D[f, {z*, d}])) /. z* → 0
```

pdf

```
In[=]:= gPair[ε_, w_] := Collect[ZipJoin@@Table[{pa, p̄a, xa, x̄a}, {α, w}], [
  ε Exp[Sum[gα,β (πα + π̄α) (ξβ + ξ̄β), {α, w}, {β, w}] - Sum[ξα πα, {α, w}]]], g_, Factor]
```

Playing with a single knot

Initialization

```
In[=]:= K = Mirror@Knot[3, 1]; {Cs, ρ} = Rot[K]; n = Length[Cs]; v = {lv = 0};
Do[
  Cs /. {{s_, k, j_} → AppendTo[v, lv += s], {s_, i_, k} → AppendTo[v, lv -= s]}, {k, 2 n}];
{Cs, v}
Out[=]= {{{1, 1, 4}, {1, 3, 6}, {1, 5, 2}}, {0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0}}
```

The quadratic of K :

```
In[=]:= Q0 = Echo@CF[Total[
  Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} → xi (pi - T^s pi+1 + (T^s - 1) pj+1) + xj (pj - pj+1)] + x2n+1 p2n+1];
  » p1 x1 - T p2 x1 + (-1 + T) p5 x1 + p2 x2 - p3 x2 + p3 x3 - T p4 x3 +
  (-1 + T) p7 x3 + p4 x4 - p5 x4 + (-1 + T) p3 x5 + p5 x5 - T p6 x5 + p6 x6 - p7 x6 + p7 x7
```

Applying $x_j \rightarrow -x_j + (T^{-s} - 1)x_i$, $x_i \rightarrow -T^{-s}x_i$ and splitting off the edge terms:

```
In[=]:= Echo@CF[Q0 /. Join@@(Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> {xj -> -xi + (T^-s - 1) xi, xi -> -T^-s xj})] ==
  (Q1 = CF[Total[Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> -T^-s pi xi - pj xi + T^-s pj xi - pj xj] +
    Sum[xk pk+1, {k, 1, 2 n}] + x2n+1 p2n+1]) ==
  >> -p1 x1/T + p2 x1 - (-1 + T) p4 x1/T - p2 x2 + p3 x2 - p3 x3/T + p4 x3 -
  >> (-1 + T) p6 x3/T - p4 x4 + p5 x4 - (-1 + T) p2 x5/T - p5 x5/T + p6 x5 - p6 x6 + p7 x6 + p7 x7
```

Out[=]=

True

Transposing, shifting from forward edges to backwards edges:

```
In[=]:= (Q1 /. {p -> x, x -> p}) ==
  Echo@ (Q2 = CF[Total[Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> -T^-s xi pi - xj pi + T^-s xj pi - xj pj] +
    Sum[pk xk+1, {k, 1, 2 n}] + p2n+1 x2n+1]) ==
  CF[Total[Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> -T^-s xi pi - xj pi + T^-s xj pi - xj pj] +
    Sum[pk-1 xk, {k, 1, 2 n}] - p0 x1 + p2n x2n+1 + p2n+1 x2n+1] ==
  >> -p1 x1/T + p1 x2 - p2 x2 - (-1 + T) p5 x2/T + p2 x3 - p3 x3/T - (-1 + T) p1 x4/T +
  >> p3 x4 - p4 x4 + p4 x5 - p5 x5/T - (-1 + T) p3 x6/T + p5 x6 - p6 x6 + p6 x7 + p7 x7
```

Out[=]=

True

Permuting the p variables and re-absorbing the edge terms into the crossings:

```
In[=]:= (Q2 /. {p2n+1 -> p1, pi_ -> pi+1}) ==
  Echo@ (Q3 = CF[Total[Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> -T^-s xi pi+1 - xj pi+1 + T^-s xj pi+1 - xj pj+1] +
    Sum[pk xk, {k, 1, 2 n}] - p1 x1 + p2n+1 x2n+1 + p1 x2n+1]) ==
  CF[Total[Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> -T^-s xi pi+1 + (T^-s - 1) xj pi+1 - xj pj+1 + pi xi + pj xj] -
    p1 x1 + p2n+1 x2n+1 + p1 x2n+1] ==
  >> -p2 x1/T + p2 x2 - p3 x2 - (-1 + T) p6 x2/T + p3 x3 - p4 x3/T - (-1 + T) p2 x4/T +
  >> p4 x4 - p5 x4 + p5 x5 - p6 x5/T - (-1 + T) p4 x6/T + p6 x6 - p7 x6 + p1 x7 + p7 x7
```

Out[=]=

True

Rescaling by T^v :

```
In[1]:= (Q4 = Echo@CF[Q3 /. {pi_ :> Ty[i] pi, xi_ :> T-y[i] xi}]) ==
CF[Total[Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> -xi pi+1 + (T-s - 1) xj pj+1 - T-s xj pj+1 + pi xi + pj xj] -
p1 x1 + p2 xn+1 x2 n+1 + p1 x2 n+1]

In[2]:= -p2 x1 + p2 x2 -  $\frac{p_3 x_2}{T}$  -  $\frac{(-1 + T) p_6 x_2}{T}$  + p3 x3 - p4 x3 -  $\frac{(-1 + T) p_2 x_4}{T}$  +
p4 x4 -  $\frac{p_5 x_4}{T}$  + p5 x5 - p6 x5 -  $\frac{(-1 + T) p_4 x_6}{T}$  + p6 x6 -  $\frac{p_7 x_6}{T}$  + p1 x7 + p7 x7
```

Out[2]=

True

Using "col-sum = 0":

```
In[3]:= Simplify[Echo@CF[Q4 /. pk_ /; k > 1 :> pk - p1]] ==
(Q5 = CF[Total[Cs /. {s_Integer, i_, j_} :> xj (pj - T-s pj+1 + (T-s - 1) pi+1) + xi (pi - pi+1) +
p2 n+1 x2 n+1]])]

In[4]:= p1 x1 - p2 x1 + p2 x2 -  $\frac{p_3 x_2}{T}$  -  $\frac{(-1 + T) p_6 x_2}{T}$  + p3 x3 - p4 x3 -
 $\frac{(-1 + T) p_2 x_4}{T}$  + p4 x4 -  $\frac{p_5 x_4}{T}$  + p5 x5 - p6 x5 -  $\frac{(-1 + T) p_4 x_6}{T}$  + p6 x6 -  $\frac{p_7 x_6}{T}$  + p7 x7
```

Out[4]=

True

The conjugate quadratic of the flip of K:

```
In[5]:= Q̄ = Echo@CF[Total[
Cs /. {s_Integer, j_, i_} :> xi (pi - T-s pi+1 + (T-s - 1) pj+1) + xj (pj - pj+1) ] + x2 n+1 p2 n+1];

In[6]:= p1 x1 - p2 x1 + p2 x2 -  $\frac{p_3 x_2}{T}$  -  $\frac{(-1 + T) p_6 x_2}{T}$  + p3 x3 - p4 x3 -
 $\frac{(-1 + T) p_2 x_4}{T}$  + p4 x4 -  $\frac{p_5 x_4}{T}$  + p5 x5 - p6 x5 -  $\frac{(-1 + T) p_4 x_6}{T}$  + p6 x6 -  $\frac{p_7 x_6}{T}$  + p7 x7
```

In[7]:= Q̄ == Q5

Out[7]=

True

Playing with g_{kk}

In[8]:= Pθ = x_i p_i + x_j p_j

Out[8]=

 $p_i x_i + p_j x_i$ Applying $x_j \rightarrow -x_j + (T^{-s} - 1) x_j$, $x_i \rightarrow -T^{-s} x_i$:In[9]:= P1 = Pθ /. {x_j :> -x_j + (T^{-s} - 1) x_j, x_i :> -T^{-s} x_i}

Out[9]=

 $-T^{-s} p_i x_i - T^{-s} p_j x_i$

Transposing:

In[]:= **P2** = **P1** /. {**p** → **x**, **x** → **p**}

Out[]=

$$-T^{-s} p_i x_i - T^{-s} p_i x_j$$

Permuting the **p** variables and re-absorbing the edge terms into the crossings:

In[]:= **P3** = **P2** /. {**p**_{2*n*+1} → **p**₁, **p**_{*i*} ↪ **p**_{*i*+1}}

Out[]=

$$-T^{-s} p_{1+i} x_i - T^{-s} p_{1+i} x_j$$

Rescaling by T^v :

In[]:= **P4** = **P3** /. {**p**_{*i*} ↪ T^{v_i} **p**_{*i*}, **x**_{*i*} ↪ T^{-v_i} **x**_{*i*}} /. {**v**_{*i*+1} → **v**_{*i*} + **s**, **v**_{*j*} → **v**_{*i*} + **s**, **v**_{*j*+1} → **v**_{*i*}}

Out[]=

$$-p_{1+i} x_i - T^{-s} p_{1+i} x_j$$

In[]:= **P5** = **P4** /. **p**_{*k*} ↪ **p**_{*k*} - **p**₁

Out[]=

$$-((-p_1 + p_{1+i}) x_i) - T^{-s} (-p_1 + p_{1+i}) x_j$$

The conjugate quadratic of the flip of K :

In[]:= **P0** /. {**i** → **j**, **j** → **i**}

Out[]=

$$p_i x_j + p_j x_i$$

Playing with R_1

r_1 is taken from Talks/Oaxaca-2210/Rho.nb

In[]:= **P0** = **s** $(-1 + 2 p_i x_i - 2 p_j x_i + (-1 + T^s) p_i p_j x_i^2 + (1 - T^s) p_j^2 x_i^2 - 2 p_i p_j x_i x_j + 2 p_j^2 x_i x_j) / 2$

Out[]=

$$\frac{1}{2} s (-1 + 2 p_i x_i - 2 p_j x_i + (-1 + T^s) p_i p_j x_i^2 + (1 - T^s) p_j^2 x_i^2 - 2 p_i p_j x_i x_j + 2 p_j^2 x_i x_j)$$

Applying $x_j \rightarrow -x_j + (T^{-s} - 1) x_i$, $x_i \rightarrow -T^{-s} x_i$:

In[]:= **P1** = **P0** /. {**x**_{*j*} → $-x_j + (T^{-s} - 1) x_i$, **x**_{*i*} → $-T^{-s} x_i$ }

Out[]=

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} s (-1 - 2 T^{-s} p_i x_i + 2 T^{-s} p_j x_i + T^{-2s} (-1 + T^s) p_i p_j x_i^2 + \\ & T^{-2s} (1 - T^s) p_j^2 x_i^2 + 2 T^{-s} p_i p_j x_i ((-1 + T^{-s}) x_i - x_j) - 2 T^{-s} p_j^2 x_i ((-1 + T^{-s}) x_i - x_j)) \end{aligned}$$

Transposing:

In[1]:= $\mathbf{P2} = \mathbf{P1} / . \{ \mathbf{p} \rightarrow \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x} \rightarrow \mathbf{p} \}$

Out[1]=

$$\frac{1}{2} s (-1 - 2 T^{-s} p_i x_i + 2 T^{-s} p_i x_j + T^{-2s} (-1 + T^s) p_i^2 x_i x_j + 2 T^{-s} p_i ((-1 + T^{-s}) p_i - p_j) x_i x_j + T^{-2s} (1 - T^s) p_i^2 x_j^2 - 2 T^{-s} p_i ((-1 + T^{-s}) p_i - p_j) x_j^2)$$

Permuting the p variables and re-absorbing the edge terms into the crossings:

In[2]:= $\mathbf{P3} = \mathbf{P2} / . \{ p_{2n+1} \rightarrow p_1, p_{i_} \Rightarrow p_{i+1} \}$

Out[2]=

$$\frac{1}{2} s (-1 - 2 T^{-s} p_{1+i} x_i + 2 T^{-s} p_{1+i} x_j + T^{-2s} (-1 + T^s) p_{1+i}^2 x_i x_j + 2 T^{-s} p_{1+i} ((-1 + T^{-s}) p_{1+i} - p_{1+j}) x_i x_j + T^{-2s} (1 - T^s) p_{1+i}^2 x_j^2 - 2 T^{-s} p_{1+i} ((-1 + T^{-s}) p_{1+i} - p_{1+j}) x_j^2)$$

Rescaling by T^v :

In[3]:= $\mathbf{P4} = \mathbf{P3} / . \{ p_{i_} \Rightarrow T^{v_i} p_i, x_{i_} \Rightarrow T^{-v_i} x_i \}$

Out[3]=

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} s (-1 - 2 T^{-s-v_i+v_{1+i}} p_{1+i} x_i + 2 T^{-s+v_{1+i}-v_j} p_{1+i} x_j + \\ & T^{-2s-v_i+2v_{1+i}-v_j} (-1 + T^s) p_{1+i}^2 x_i x_j + 2 T^{-s-v_i+v_{1+i}-v_j} p_{1+i} (T^{v_{1+i}} (-1 + T^{-s}) p_{1+i} - T^{v_{1+j}} p_{1+j}) x_i x_j + \\ & T^{-2s+2v_{1+i}-2v_j} (1 - T^s) p_{1+i}^2 x_j^2 - 2 T^{-s+v_{1+i}-2v_j} p_{1+i} (T^{v_{1+i}} (-1 + T^{-s}) p_{1+i} - T^{v_{1+j}} p_{1+j}) x_j^2) \end{aligned}$$

In[4]:= $\mathbf{P4} = \text{Simplify}[\mathbf{P3} / . \{ p_{i_} \Rightarrow T^{v_i} p_i, x_{i_} \Rightarrow T^{-v_i} x_i \} / . \{ v_{i+1} \rightarrow v_i + s, v_j \rightarrow v_i + s, v_{j+1} \rightarrow v_i \}]$

Out[4]=

$$-\frac{1}{2} s T^{-2s} (T^{2s} + (-1 + T^s) p_{1+i}^2 (T^s x_i - x_j) x_j + 2 p_{1+i} (T^s x_i - x_j) (T^s + p_{1+j} x_j))$$

In[5]:= $\mathbf{P5} = \text{Simplify}[\mathbf{P4} / . p_{k_} \Rightarrow p_k - p_1]$

Out[5]=

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{1}{2} s T^{-2s} \\ & (T^{2s} + (-1 + T^s) (p_1 - p_{1+i})^2 (T^s x_i - x_j) x_j + 2 (-p_1 + p_{1+i}) (T^s x_i - x_j) (T^s + (-p_1 + p_{1+j}) x_j)) \end{aligned}$$

The conjugate perturbation of the flip of K :

In[6]:= $\mathbf{P0} / . \{ T \rightarrow T^{-1}, i \rightarrow j, j \rightarrow i \}$

Out[6]=

$$\frac{1}{2} s \left(-1 - 2 p_i x_j + 2 p_j x_j + 2 p_i^2 x_i x_j - 2 p_i p_j x_i x_j + \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{T} \right)^s \right) p_i^2 x_j^2 + \left(-1 + \left(\frac{1}{T} \right)^s \right) p_i p_j x_j^2 \right)$$

In[7]:= $\text{Simplify}@PowerExpand[\mathbf{P5} - (\mathbf{P0} / . \{ T \rightarrow T^{-1}, i \rightarrow j, j \rightarrow i \})]$

Out[7]=

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} s (2 p_i x_j - 2 p_j x_j - 2 p_i^2 x_i x_j + 2 p_i p_j x_i x_j - T^{-2s} (-1 + T^s) (p_1 - p_{1+i})^2 (T^s x_i - x_j) x_j - \\ & (1 - T^{-s}) p_i^2 x_j^2 - (-1 + T^{-s}) p_i p_j x_j^2 - 2 T^{-2s} (-p_1 + p_{1+i}) (T^s x_i - x_j) (T^s + (-p_1 + p_{1+j}) x_j)) \end{aligned}$$

```
In[]:= gPair[Simplify@PowerExpand[P5 - (P0 /. {T → T-1, i → j, j → i})], {i, j}]

Out[=]-
-s T-s (-1 + Ts) gi,j2 - s gj,j + s gi,i gj,j + gi,j (s - 2 s gi,i + s gj,i + s T-s (-1 + Ts) gj,j)

In[]:= Simplify[gPair[Simplify@PowerExpand[P5 - (P0 /. {T → T-1, i → j, j → i})]] /. {p → x, x → p},
{i, j}] //. gRuless,i,j

Out[=]
s ((-2 + 2 T-3 s - 7 T-2 s + 7 T-s) g1+j,1+i2 + (-1 + g1+i,1+i) g1+j,1+j +
g1+j,1+i (-1 + 2 T-s + (2 - 4 T-s) g1+i,1+i + g1+i,1+j - 2 g1+j,1+j - T-2 s g1+j,1+j + 3 T-s g1+j,1+j))
```