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Pensieve header: The Kerler Algebra and the Alexander polynomial.

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```
In[ ]:= Once[<< KnotTheory`];
HL[ $\mathcal{E}$ ] := Style[ $\mathcal{E}$ , Background  $\rightarrow$  If[TrueQ@ $\mathcal{E}$ , ■, ■]]];
```

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Loading **KnotTheory`** version of February 2, 2020, 10:53:45.2097.
Read more at <http://katlas.org/wiki/KnotTheory>.

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```
In[ ]:= MT = 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \square & a & b & c & d & ka & kb & kc & kd \\ a & a_\$ & b_\$ & 0 & 0 & ka_\$ & kb_\$ & 0 & 0 \\ b & 0 & 0 & a_\$ & b_\$ & 0 & 0 & -ka_\$ & -kb_\$ \\ c & c_\$ & d_\$ & 0 & 0 & -kc_\$ & -kd_\$ & 0 & 0 \\ d & 0 & 0 & c_\$ & d_\$ & 0 & 0 & kc_\$ & kd_\$ \\ ka & ka_\$ & kb_\$ & 0 & 0 & a_\$ & b_\$ & 0 & 0 \\ kb & 0 & 0 & ka_\$ & kb_\$ & 0 & 0 & -a_\$ & -b_\$ \\ kc & kc_\$ & kd_\$ & 0 & 0 & -c_\$ & -d_\$ & 0 & 0 \\ kd & 0 & 0 & kc_\$ & kd_\$ & 0 & 0 & c_\$ & d_\$ \end{pmatrix};$$

```

```
 $\mathcal{E}$  // mi,j→k := Expand[ $\mathcal{E}$ ] /.
Flatten@Table[MT[[ $\alpha$ , 1]]iMT[[1,  $\beta$ ]]j  $\rightarrow$  (MT[[ $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ]] /. $  $\rightarrow$  k), { $\alpha$ , 2, 9}, { $\beta$ , 2, 9}];
```

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```
In[ ]:= KBasis[{i_}] := {ai, bi, ci, di, kai, kbi, kci, kdi};
KBasis[{i_, is_}] := Flatten@Outer[Times, KBasis[{i}], KBasis[{is}]];
```

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```
In[ ]:=  $\eta$ i := ai + di;
 $\gamma$ i := kai + kdi;
```

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```
In[ ]:= lhs =  $\eta$ 1 KBasis[{2}] // m1,2→1;
HL[lhs == KBasis[{1}]]
```

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Out[]:= **True**

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```
In[ ]:= lhs =  $\eta$ 1 KBasis[{2}] // Expand // m1,2→1;
HL[lhs == KBasis[{1}]]
```

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Out[]:= **True**

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```
In[ ]:= Short [lhs = KBasis [ {1, 2, 3} ] // m1,2→1 // m1,3→1 ]
rhs = KBasis [ {1, 2, 3} ] // m2,3→2 // m1,2→1 ;
lhs == rhs // HL
```

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```
Out[ ]//Short= {a1, b1, 0, 0, ka1, kb1, 0, 0, 0, 0, a1, b1, 0, 0, -ka1,
<<482>>, d1, 0, 0, -kc1, -kd1, 0, 0, 0, 0, c1, d1, 0, 0, kc1, kd1}
```

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```
Out[ ]:= True
```

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$$R_{i,j} := a_i a_j + d_i a_j + T a_i d_j - (1 - T) k c_i k b_j - T d_i d_j$$

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```
In[ ]:= Short [lhs = R1,2 R4,3 R5,6 // m1,4→1 // m2,5→2 // m3,6→3 ] ;
rhs = R2,3 R1,4 R5,6 // m1,5→1 // m2,6→2 // m3,4→3 ;
lhs == rhs // HL
```

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```
Out[ ]:= True
```

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$$\bar{R}_{i,j} := a_i a_j + d_i a_j + T^{-1} a_i d_j - (1 - T^{-1}) k c_i k b_j - T^{-1} d_i d_j$$

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```
In[ ]:= Short [lhs = R1,2 \bar{R}_{3,4} // m1,3→1 // m2,4→2 ]
rhs = \eta_1 \eta_2 // Expand;
lhs == rhs // HL
```

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```
Out[ ]//Short= a1 a2 + a2 d1 + a1 d2 + d1 d2
```

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```
Out[ ]:= True
```

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```
In[ ]:= Short [lhs = R1,2 \bar{R}_{3,4} // m1,3→1 // m4,2→2 ]
rhs = \eta_1 \eta_2 // Expand;
Simplify[lhs - rhs]
```

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```
Out[ ]//Short= a1 a2 + a2 d1 + a1 d2 + d1 d2 - 2 kb2 kc1 + 2 T kb2 kc1
```

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```
Out[ ]:= 2 \times (-1 + T) kb2 kc1
```

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```
In[ ]:= lhs = R1,4 \bar{R}_{5,2} \gamma_3 // m2,4→2 // m1,3→1 // m1,5→1
rhs = \gamma_1 \eta_2 // Expand;
lhs == rhs // HL
```

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```
Out[ ]:= a2 ka1 + d2 ka1 + a2 kd1 + d2 kd1
```

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```
Out[ ]:= True
```

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RVK and Z

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RVK, rot, Z modified from 2016-09/OneSmidgen.nb. See also in AP/Projects/SL2Invariant/.

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Some details of the code below are at <http://drorbn.net/bbs/show?shot=Dror-160920-151350.jpg>.

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In[]:=

```
RVK::usage =
  "RVK[xs, rots] represents a Rotational Virtual Knot with a list of n Xp/Xm crossings
  xs and a length 2n list of rotation numbers rots. Crossing
  sites are indexed 1 through 2n, and rots[[k]] is the rotation
  between site k-1 and site k. RVK is also a casting operator
  converting to the RVK presentation from other knot presentations.";
```

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In[]:=

```
RVK[pd_PD] := Module[{n, xs, x, rots, front = {0}, k},
  n = Length@pd; rots = Table[0, {2 n}];
  xs = Cases[pd, x_X => { Xp[x[[4]], x[[1]]] PositiveQ@x
    { Xm[x[[2]], x[[1]]] True };
  For[k = 0, k < 2 n, ++k, If[k == 0 ∨ FreeQ[front, -k],
    front = Flatten@Replace[front, k → (xs /. {
      Xp[k + 1, L_] | Xm[L_, k + 1] => {L, k + 1, 1 - L},
      Xp[L_, k + 1] | Xm[k + 1, L_] => {++rots[[L]]; {1 - L, k + 1, L}},
      _Xp | _Xm => {}
    }), {1}],
    Cases[front, k | -k] /. {k, -k} => --rots[[k + 1]];
  ]];
  RVK[xs, rots] ]];
RVK[K_] := RVK[PD[K]]];
```

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In[]:=

```
roti[n_] := {  $\eta_i$  EvenQ[n]
  {  $\gamma_i$  OddQ[n]
```

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In[]:=

```
Z[K_] := Z[RVK@K];
Z[rvk_RVK] := Module[{todo, g, done, st, c, x, i, j, k},
  g = η₀; done = {0};
  st = Range[0, 2 Length[todo = rvk[[1]]];
  While[{ } != todo,
    c = RandomChoice@MaximalBy[todo, Length[done ∩ {#[[1]], #[[2]], #[[1]] - 1, #[[2]] - 1}] &];
    {i, j} = List@@c;
    x = (c /. {_Xp :-> Ri,j, _Xm :-> R̄i,j}) (ka₀ - kd₀) // mj,0->j;
    Do[x = (rotθ[rvk[[2, k]]] x) // mθ,k->k, {k, {i, j}}];
    g *= x;
    Do[If[MemberQ[done, k], g = g // mst[[k+1],k+1->st[[k+1]]; st = st /. st[[k+2]] -> st[[k+1]],
      {k, {i, i-1, j, j-1}}];
    done = done ∪ {i-1, i, j-1, j};
    todo = DeleteCases[todo, c]
  ];
  Factor@g
]
```

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```
In[ ]:= K = Knot[8, 17]; Factor@Alexander[K][T]
Z[K]
```

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KnotTheory: Loading precomputed data in PD4Knots`.

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$$\text{Out[]} = - \frac{1 - 4T + 8T^2 - 11T^3 + 8T^4 - 4T^5 + T^6}{T^3}$$

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$$\text{Out[]} = - \frac{(1 - 4T + 8T^2 - 11T^3 + 8T^4 - 4T^5 + T^6) (a_0 + d_0)}{T^4}$$