

Pensieve header: September 29: Textbook (EIWL) chapters 5-8, evaluated.

5. Operations on Lists

$\{1, 2, 3\} + 10$

$\{11, 12, 13\}$

$\{1, 2, 3\} / 10$

$\left\{\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{3}{10}\right\}$

? List

$\{e_1, e_2, \dots\}$ is a list of elements. \gg

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$\{e_1, e_2, \dots\}$ is a list of elements. \gg

Attributes[List] = {Locked, Protected}

? Plus

$x + y + z$ represents a sum of terms. \gg

?? Plus

$x + y + z$ represents a sum of terms. \gg

Attributes[Plus] = {Flat, Listable, NumericFunction, OneIdentity, Orderless, Protected}

Default[Plus] := 0

? Flat

Flat is an attribute that can be assigned to a symbol f to indicate that all expressions involving nested functions f should be flattened out. This property is accounted for in pattern matching. \gg

$f[1, f[2, 3]]$

$f[1, f[2, 3]]$

SetAttributes[f, Flat]

$f[1, f[2, 3]]$

$f[1, 2, 3]$

? Listable

Listable is an attribute that can be assigned to a symbol f to indicate that the function f should automatically be threaded over lists that appear as its arguments. >>

```
f[1, {2, 3, 4}]
```

```
f[1, {2, 3, 4}]
```

```
SetAttributes[f, Listable]
```

```
f[1, {2, 3, 4}]
```

```
{f[1, 2], f[1, 3], f[1, 4]}
```

```
{1, 1, 2} * {1, 2, 3}
```

```
{1, 2, 6}
```

```
f[{a, b}, {x, y}]
```

```
{f[a, x], f[b, y]}
```

```
Range[10]^2
```

```
{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100}
```

```
Sort[{4, 2, 1, 3, 6}]
```

```
{1, 2, 3, 4, 6}
```

? SortBy

SortBy[list, f] sorts the elements of list in the order defined by applying f to each of them. SortBy[f] represents an operator form of SortBy that can be applied to an expression. >>

? RandomReal

RandomReal[] gives a pseudorandom real number in the range 0 to 1.

RandomReal[{x_{min}, x_{max}}] gives a pseudorandom real number in the range x_{min} to x_{max}.

RandomReal[x_{max}] gives a pseudorandom real number in the range 0 to x_{max}.

RandomReal[range, n] gives a list of n pseudorandom reals.

RandomReal[range, {n₁, n₂, ...}] gives an n₁×n₂×... array of pseudorandom reals. >>

```
l = RandomReal[{-1, 1}, 10]
```

```
{0.924804, 0.230363, -0.703776, -0.623061,  
0.868089, 0.0104707, 0.285499, 0.666478, 0.280836, 0.426879}
```

```
Sort[l]
```

```
{-0.703776, -0.623061, 0.0104707, 0.230363,  
0.280836, 0.285499, 0.426879, 0.666478, 0.868089, 0.924804}
```

SortBy[1, Abs]

```
{0.0104707, 0.230363, 0.280836, 0.285499,
 0.426879, -0.623061, 0.666478, -0.703776, 0.868089, 0.924804}
```

Length[{5, 3, 4, 5, 3, 4, 5}]

7

Dimensions[{{1, 2, 3}, {4, 5, 6}}]

```
{2, 3}
```

Total[{1, 1, 2, 2}]

6

Total[Range[10]]

55

Count[{a, b, a, a, c, b, a}, a]

4

? Count

Count[list, pattern] gives the number of elements in list that match pattern.
 Count[expr, pattern, levelspec] gives the total number of subexpressions matching pattern that appear at the levels in expr specified by levelspec.
 Count[pattern] represents an operator form of Count that can be applied to an expression. >>

? Pattern

s : obj represents the pattern object obj, assigned the name s. >>

Count[{a, b, a, a, c, b, a}, _^_]

0

Expand[(a + b)¹⁰]

$$a^{10} + 10 a^9 b + 45 a^8 b^2 + 120 a^7 b^3 + 210 a^6 b^4 + 252 a^5 b^5 + 210 a^4 b^6 + 120 a^3 b^7 + 45 a^2 b^8 + 10 a b^9 + b^{10}$$

List@@Expand[(a + b)¹⁰]

```
{a10, 10 a9 b, 45 a8 b2, 120 a7 b3, 210 a6 b4, 252 a5 b5, 210 a4 b6, 120 a3 b7, 45 a2 b8, 10 a b9, b10}
```

Count[List@@Expand[(a + b)¹⁰], _^_]

2

Count[List@@Expand[(a + b)¹⁰], _ * (_^_)]

0

```
Count[List@@Expand[(a + b)10], ___ * (_^_)]
```

```
9
```

```
g1[x_] := x^2
```

```
g1[2]
```

```
4
```

```
g1[2, 3]
```

```
g1[2, 3]
```

```
g2[x___] := {x}
```

```
g2[2]
```

```
{2}
```

```
g2[2, 3]
```

```
{2, 3}
```

```
g3[x____] := {x}
```

```
g3[]
```

```
{}
```

```
First[{7, 6, 5}]
```

```
7
```

```
Last[{7, 6, 5}]
```

```
5
```

```
Part[{7, 6, 5}, 2]
```

```
6
```

```
First[Sort[{6, 7, 1, 2, 4, 5}]]
```

```
1
```

```
Min[{6, 7, 1, 2, 4, 5}]
```

```
1
```

```
IntegerDigits[1988]
```

```
{1, 9, 8, 8}
```

```
Last[IntegerDigits[1988]]
```

```
8
```

```
Take[{101, 203, 401, 602, 332, 412}, 3]
```

```
{101, 203, 401}
```

```
Take[IntegerDigits[2^100], 10]
```

```
{1, 2, 6, 7, 6, 5, 0, 6, 0, 0}
```

```
Drop[{101, 203, 401, 602, 332, 412}, 3]
```

```
{602, 332, 412}
```

6. Making Tables

```
Table[5, 10]
```

```
{5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5}
```

```
Table[x, 10]
```

```
{x, x, x, x, x, x, x, x, x, x}
```

```
Table[{1, 2}, 10]
```

```
{{1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}, {1, 2}}
```

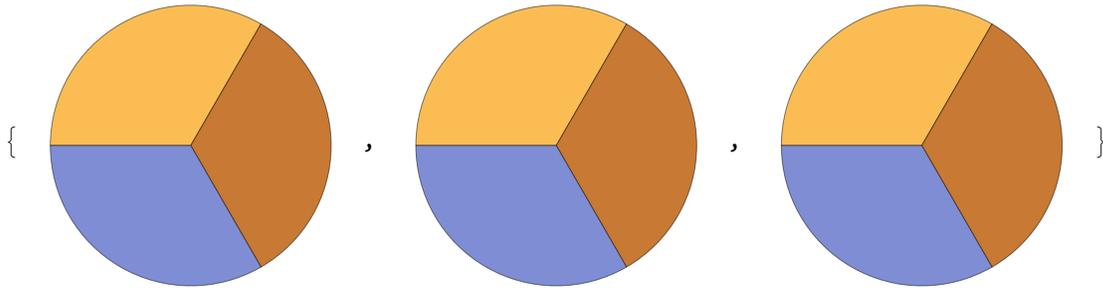
```
Table[{1, 2}, 10] // Dimensions
```

```
{10, 2}
```

```
Table[{1, 2}, 10, 3] // Dimensions
```

```
{10, 3, 2}
```

```
Table[PieChart[{1, 1, 1}], 3]
```



```
Table[a[n], {n, 5}]
```

```
{a[1], a[2], a[3], a[4], a[5]}
```

```
Table[n + 1, {n, 10}]
```

```
{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11}
```

```
Table[n^2, {n, 10}]
```

```
{1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100}
```

```
tab = Table[n + Range[n]^2, {n, 5}]
{{2}, {3, 6}, {4, 7, 12}, {5, 8, 13, 20}, {6, 9, 14, 21, 30}}
```

```
tab[[5, 2]]
```

9

```
tab[[2, 5]]
```

Part: Part 5 of {3, 6} does not exist.

```
{{2}, {3, 6}, {4, 7, 12}, {5, 8, 13, 20}, {6, 9, 14, 21, 30}}[[2, 5]]
```

```
tab[[All, 1]]
```

{2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

```
tab[[3, All]]
```

{4, 7, 12}

```
tab[[3]]
```

{4, 7, 12}

```
tab[[All, 2]]
```

Part: Part 2 of {2} does not exist.

```
{{2}, {3, 6}, {4, 7, 12}, {5, 8, 13, 20}, {6, 9, 14, 21, 30}}[[All, 2]]
```

```
tab[[2 ;;, 2]]
```

{6, 7, 8, 9}

```
tab // Length
```

5

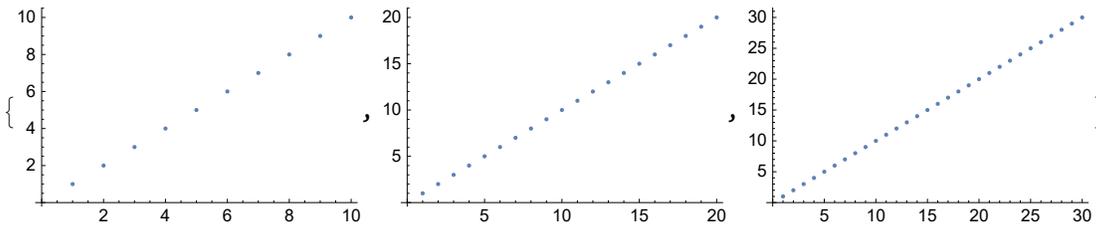
```
tab // Dimensions
```

{5}

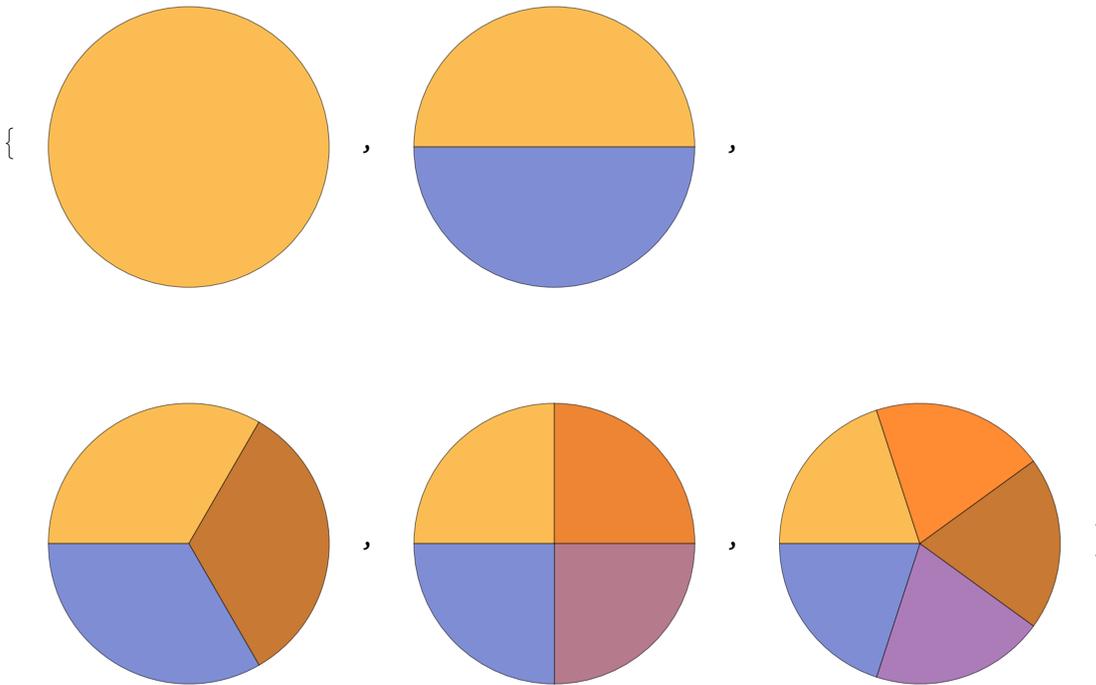
```
Table[Column[Range[n]], {n, 8}]
```

```
{ 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
   2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2
   3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3
   4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4
   5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5
   6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6
   7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7
   8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8}
```

`Table[ListPlot[Range[10 * n]], {n, 3}]`



`Table[PieChart[Table[1, n]], {n, 5}]`



`Table[2^expt, {expt, 10}]`

`{2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024}`

`Table[{x, x + 1, x^2}, {x, 5}]`

`{{1, 2, 1}, {2, 3, 4}, {3, 4, 9}, {4, 5, 16}, {5, 6, 25}}`

`Table[f[n], {n, 10}]`

`{f[1], f[2], f[3], f[4], f[5], f[6], f[7], f[8], f[9], f[10]}`

`Table[f[n], {n, 4, 10}]`

`{f[4], f[5], f[6], f[7], f[8], f[9], f[10]}`

`Table[f[n], {n, 4, 10, 2}]`

`{f[4], f[6], f[8], f[10]}`

`Table[RandomColor[], 30]`

```
{Pink, Green, Purple, Maroon, YellowGreen, Yellow, Magenta, Cyan, Brown, Blue, DarkGreen, Green, Purple,
Green, Blue, Brown, Gray, Teal, Pink, OliveGreen, Olive, Gold, Yellow, Red, LightCyan, Orange, Blue, Green, Blue, Pink}
```

`Blend[Table[RandomColor[], 20]]`

`Style[1000, Red]`

1000

`Table[Style[RandomInteger[1000], RandomColor[]], 30]`

```
{666, 837, 806, 331, 268, 61, 903, 176, 564, 659, 640, 157, 156, 983,
820, 2, 311, 568, 801, 719, 306, 264, 584, 343, 530, 637, 569, 815, 220, 148}
```

`Style[x, 30]`

X

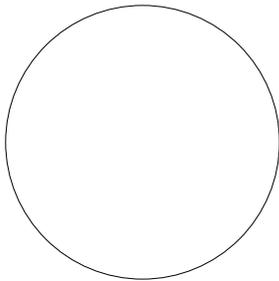
`Table[Style[100, n], {n, 30}]`

`Table[Style[x, RandomColor[], RandomInteger[30]], 25]`

```
{X, , , x, , X, X, x, X, x, X, X, X}
```

8. Basic Graphics Objects

`Graphics[Circle[]]`



? Circle

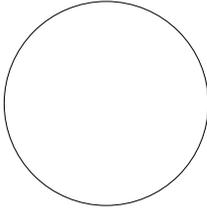
`Circle[{x, y}, r]` represents a circle of radius r centered at $\{x, y\}$.

`Circle[{x, y}]` gives a circle of radius 1.

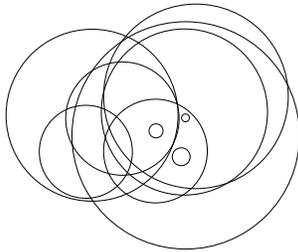
`Circle[{x, y}, {rx, ry}]` gives an axis-aligned ellipse with semiaxes lengths r_x and r_y .

`Circle[{x, y}, ..., {\theta_1, \theta_2}]` gives a circular or ellipse arc from angle θ_1 to θ_2 . >>

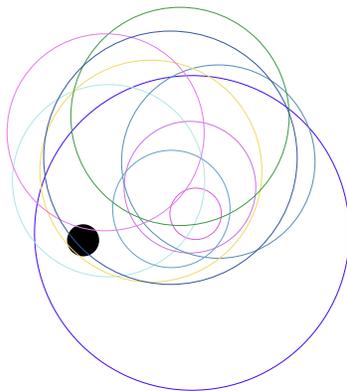
```
Graphics[Circle[{1, 2}, 4]]
```



```
Graphics[Table[Circle[{RandomReal[], RandomReal[]}, RandomReal[]], 10]]
```



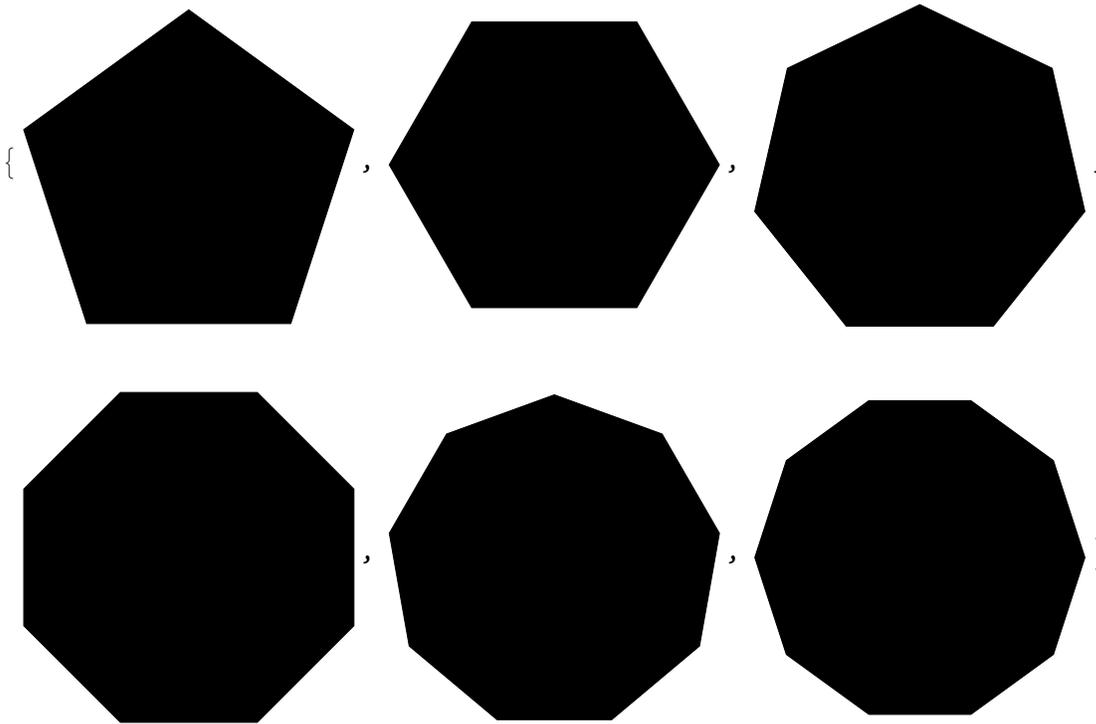
```
Graphics[{Disk[{0, 0}, 0.1],  
  Table[  
    {RandomColor[], Circle[{RandomReal[], RandomReal[]}, RandomReal[]]},  
    10]  
}]
```



```
Graphics[Disk[]]
```

```
Graphics[RegularPolygon[5]]
```

```
Table[Graphics[RegularPolygon[n]], {n, 5, 10}]
```



? Line

Line[$\{p_1, p_2, \dots\}$] represents the line segments joining a sequence for points p_i .
 Line[$\{\{p_{11}, p_{12}, \dots\}, \{p_{21}, \dots\}, \dots\}$] represents a collection of lines. >>

? Arrow

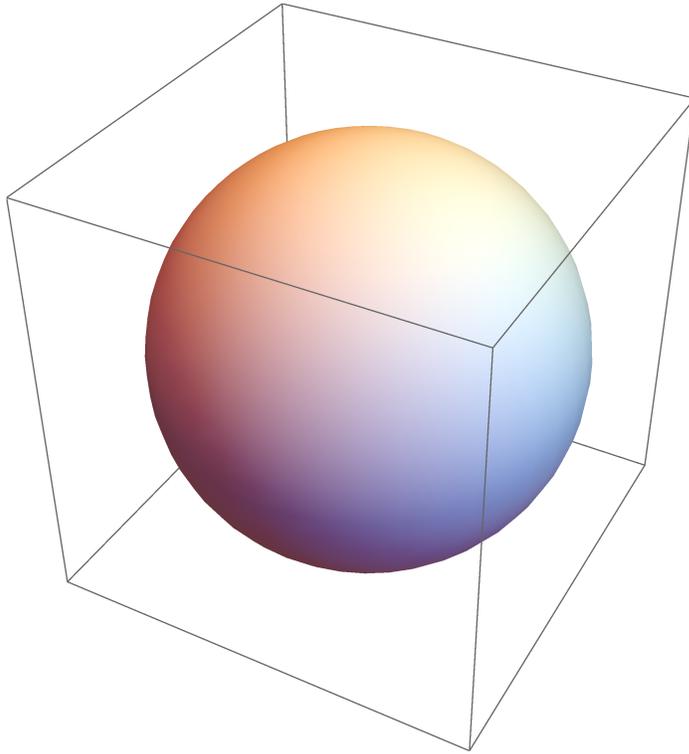
Arrow[$\{p_{t1}, p_{t2}\}$] is a graphics primitive that represents an arrow from p_{t1} to p_{t2} .
 Arrow[$\{p_{t1}, p_{t2}\}, s$] represents an arrow with its ends set back from p_{t1} and p_{t2} by a distance s .
 Arrow[$\{p_{t1}, p_{t2}\}, \{s_1, s_2\}$] sets back by s_1 from p_{t1} and s_2 from p_{t2} .
 Arrow[$curve, \dots$] represents an arrow following the specified $curve$. >>

? Polygon

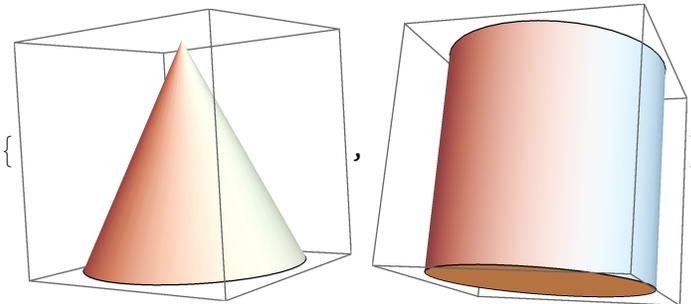
Polygon[$\{p_1, \dots, p_n\}$] represents a filled polygon with points p_i .
 Polygon[$\{\{p_{11}, \dots\}, \{p_{21}, \dots\}, \dots\}$] represents a collection of polygons. >>

```
Graphics[{Orange, RegularPolygon[5]}]
```

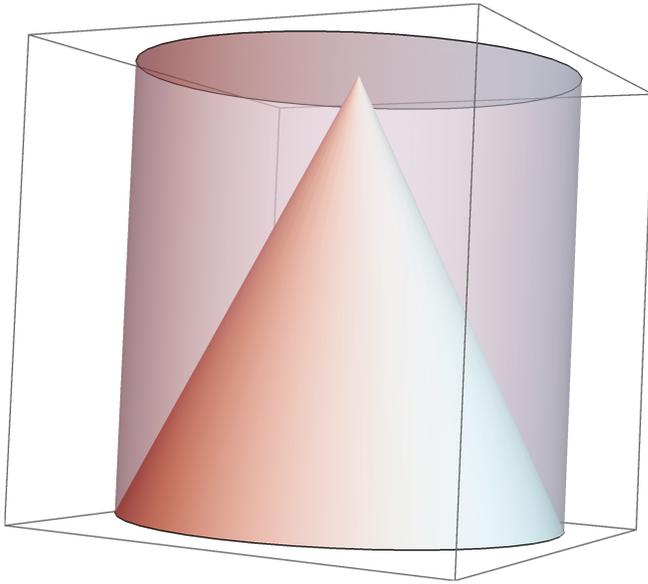
`Graphics3D[Sphere[]]`



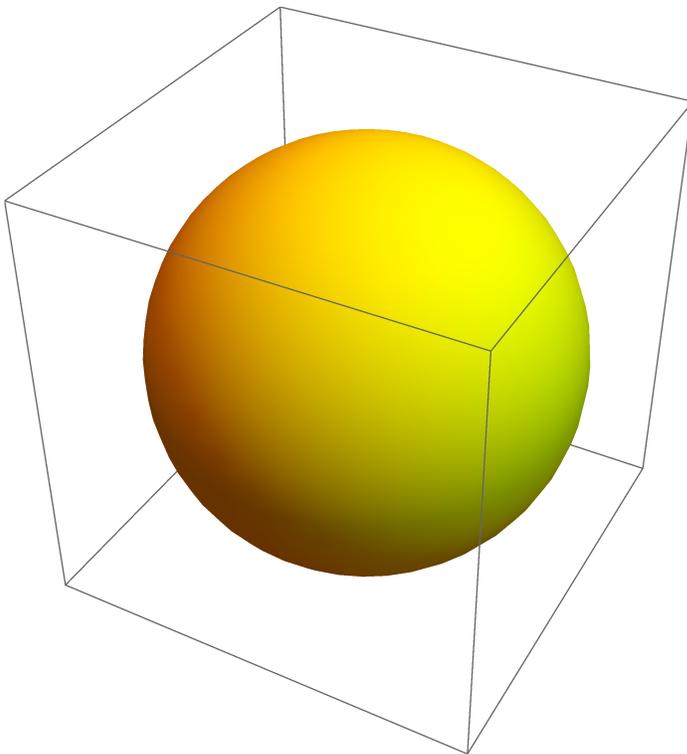
`{Graphics3D[Cone[]], Graphics3D[Cylinder[]]}`



```
Graphics3D[{Cone[], Opacity[0.5], Cylinder[]}]
```



```
Graphics3D[{Yellow, Sphere[]}]
```



```
Graphics3D[Style[Sphere[], Yellow]]
```

? Tuples

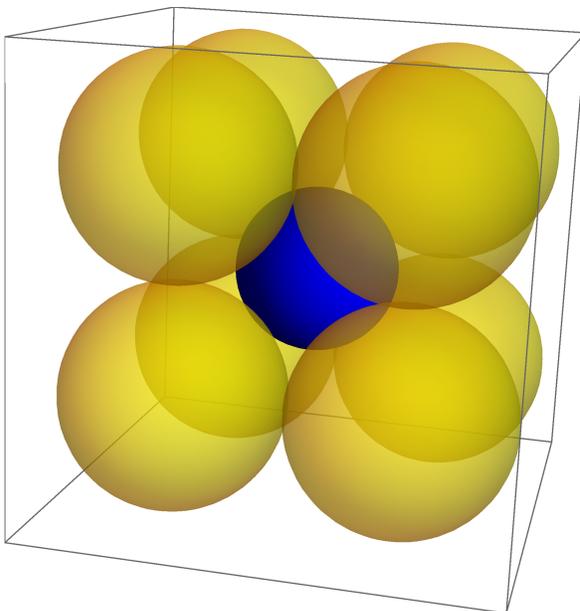
Tuples[list, n] generates a list of all possible n-tuples of elements from list.
 Tuples[{list1, list2, ...}] generates a list of all possible tuples whose ith element is from list_i. >

Tuples[{1, -1}, 3]

```
{ {1, 1, 1}, {1, 1, -1}, {1, -1, 1}, {1, -1, -1},
  {-1, 1, 1}, {-1, 1, -1}, {-1, -1, 1}, {-1, -1, -1} }
```

Graphics3D[

```
  Yellow, Opacity[0.5], Table[Sphere[c, 1], {c, Tuples[{1, -1}, 3]}],
  Blue, Opacity[1], Sphere[{0, 0, 0}, Sqrt[3] - 1]
]
```



volume of an n dimensional ball +

Result

$$\frac{2 \pi^{n/2} r^n}{n \Gamma(\frac{n}{2})} \approx \frac{2 \times 3.14159^{0.5 n} r^n}{n \Gamma(0.5 n)}$$

(assuming radius r)