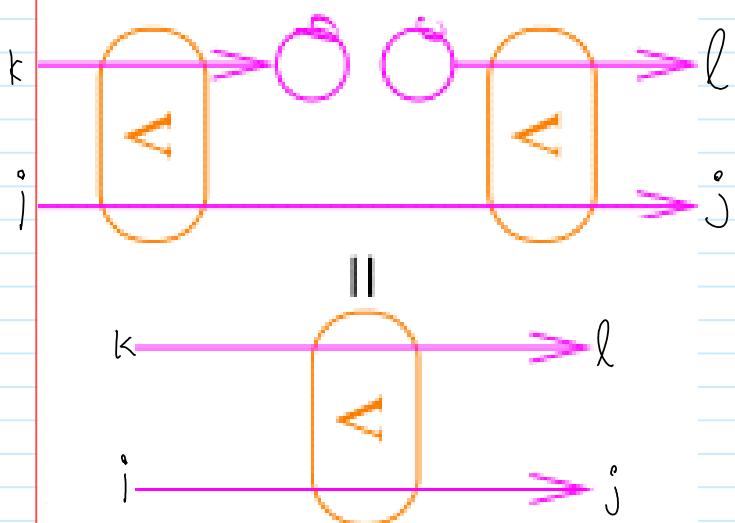


$\$ \backslash delta aa \$$ relations

July-15-15 11:26 PM



"The swinging relation"

There are also descendants of GT & locality.

$$\delta a_{ij} a_{kl} - \delta a_{il} a_{jk} = \pm(b_k c_l a_{ij} - b_i c_l a_{kj} - b_k c_j a_{il} + b_i c_j a_{kl})$$

$$\alpha_{12}\alpha_{34} \sim \alpha_{14}\alpha_{32}$$

can be used to sort hands when tails are apart.

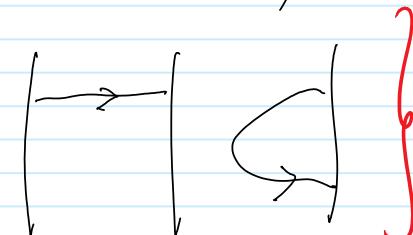
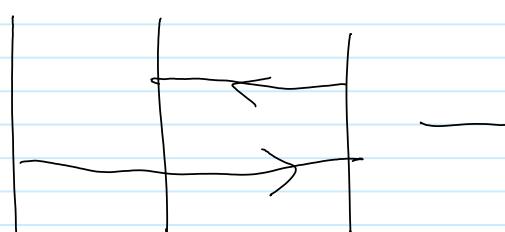
Are there 3-strand specializations?

- the tails may be on the same strand — in the presence of a C, tails anyway commute.

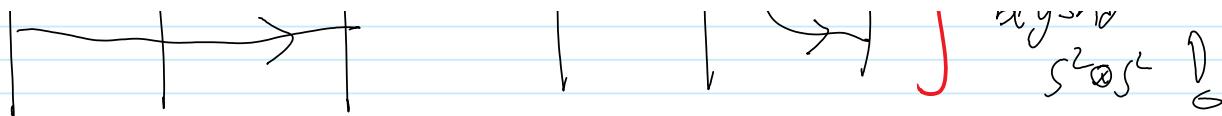
The same-hand $ij \rightarrow k$ specialization:

$$\pm(\delta b_i a_{jk} - \delta b_j a_{ik}) = \delta(a_{ik} a_{jk} - a_{ik} a_{jk})$$

this I already know... (but it still needs an implementation).



This is a reduction beyond $S^2 \otimes S^2$!



... all a-a commutators (incl. $t-h$) have simpler daa counterparts.

Aside what is $\mathcal{G}_2 A^V$? (F should have known this long ago---).

I need a good section $S^2 V \otimes S^2 V \rightarrow A^{2D}/I_G$?

(or arbitrary: "put tails below heads, average over connections".)