

Pensieve header: The divisibility condition for $q\Delta$ in Gassner calculus.

Using $(T_x T_y - 1) | (\alpha \cdot \sigma a)$ get $\sigma a = \alpha - q (T_x T_y - 1)$ and then:

$$\text{Simplify} \left[\frac{-\sigma a + \alpha T_a + (-\alpha + \sigma a) T_y}{-1 + T_a} - \sigma a \text{ / . } \{ T_a \rightarrow T_x T_y, \sigma a \rightarrow \alpha - q (T_x T_y - 1) \} \right]$$

$$q (-1 + T_x) T_y$$

$$\text{Simplify} \left[\frac{-\alpha + \sigma a T_a + (\alpha - \sigma a) T_y}{-1 + T_a} - \sigma a \text{ / . } \{ T_a \rightarrow T_x T_y, \sigma a \rightarrow \alpha - q (T_x T_y - 1) \} \right]$$

$$q (-1 + T_y)$$

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dir = SetDirectory["C:/drorbn/AcademicPensieve/2014-06/"];
<< MetaCalculi/MetaCalculi-Program.m

Clear[\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta, \theta, \epsilon, \phi, \psi, \Xi, \mu, \omega];
\gamma0 = \Gamma[\omega, h_a \sigma_a + h_b \sigma_b + h_s \sigma_s,
  {t_a, t_b, t_s}. \left( \begin{array}{ccc}
    \sigma_a + \alpha (T_a - 1) & \beta (T_a - 1) & \theta (T_a - 1) \\
    \gamma (T_b - 1) & \sigma_b + \delta (T_b - 1) & \epsilon (T_b - 1) \\
    \phi (T_s - 1) & \psi (T_s - 1) & \sigma_s + \Xi (T_s - 1)
  \end{array} \right). \{h_a, h_b, h_s\}];

\gamma1 = \gamma0 // dm[a, b, c]
\left( \begin{array}{ccc}
  -\omega (-1 - \beta + \beta T_c) & & S_c \\
  S_c & \frac{\gamma + \beta \gamma - \alpha \delta - \gamma T_c - 2 \beta \gamma T_c + 2 \alpha \delta T_c + \beta \gamma T_c^2 - \alpha \delta T_c^2 + \delta \sigma_a - \delta T_c \sigma_a + \alpha \sigma_b - \alpha T_c \sigma_b - \sigma_a \sigma_b}{-1 - \beta + \beta T_c} & (-1 + T_c) (-\epsilon - \epsilon T_c) \\
  S_s & \frac{(-1 + T_s) (-\phi - \beta \phi + \alpha \psi + \beta \phi T_c - \alpha \psi T_c - \psi \sigma_a)}{-1 - \beta + \beta T_c} & \Xi + \beta \Xi - \theta \psi - \beta \Xi T_c + \theta \psi T_c - \Xi T_s - \beta \Xi \\
  \Sigma & \sigma_a \sigma_b &
\end{array} \right)

\gamma1[A] - DiagonalMatrix[\{\sigma_a \sigma_b, \sigma_s\}] // Simplify // MatrixForm
\left( \begin{array}{cc}
  \frac{(-1 + T_c) (-\gamma - \beta \gamma + \alpha \delta + (\beta \gamma - \alpha \delta) T_c - \alpha \sigma_b - \sigma_a (\delta + \beta \sigma_b))}{-1 - \beta + \beta T_c} & \frac{(-1 + T_c) (-\epsilon - \beta \epsilon + \delta \theta + (\beta \epsilon - \delta \theta) T_c - \theta \sigma_b)}{-1 - \beta + \beta T_c} \\
  \frac{(-1 + T_s) (-\phi - \beta \phi + \alpha \psi + (\beta \phi - \alpha \psi) T_c - \psi \sigma_a)}{-1 - \beta + \beta T_c} & \frac{(-1 + \beta) \Xi + \theta \psi + (\beta \Xi - \theta \psi) T_c}{-1 - \beta + \beta T_c} (-1 + T_s)
\end{array} \right)

Clear[\alpha, \theta, \phi, \Xi, \omega];
\gamma0 = \Gamma[\omega, h_a \sigma_a + h_s \sigma_s, {t_a, t_s}. \left( \begin{array}{cc}
    \sigma_a + \alpha (T_a - 1) & \theta (T_a - 1) \\
    \phi (T_s - 1) & \sigma_s + \Xi (T_s - 1)
  \end{array} \right). \{h_a, h_s\}];

\gamma1 = \gamma0 // ds[a]
\left( \begin{array}{ccc}
  \frac{\omega (\alpha - \alpha T_a + T_a \sigma_a)}{T_a \sigma_a} & S_a & S_s \\
  S_a & - \frac{T_a}{-\alpha + \alpha T_a - T_a \sigma_a} & \frac{\theta (-1 + T_a)}{-\alpha + \alpha T_a - T_a \sigma_a} \\
  S_s & \frac{\phi T_a (-1 + T_s)}{-\alpha + \alpha T_a - T_a \sigma_a} & \frac{\alpha \Xi - \theta \phi - \alpha \Xi T_a + \theta \phi T_a - \alpha \Xi T_s + \theta \phi T_s + \alpha \Xi T_a T_s - \theta \phi T_a T_s + \Xi T_a \sigma_a - \Xi T_a T_s \sigma_a - \alpha \sigma_s + \alpha T_a \sigma_s - T_a \sigma_a \sigma_s}{-\alpha + \alpha T_a - T_a \sigma_a} \\
  \Sigma & \frac{1}{\sigma_a} & \sigma_s
\end{array} \right)

\gamma1[A] - DiagonalMatrix[\{\frac{1}{\sigma_a}, \sigma_s\}] // Simplify // MatrixForm
\left( \begin{array}{cc}
  \frac{\alpha (-1 + T_a)}{\sigma_a (\alpha + T_a (-\alpha + \sigma_a))} & \frac{\theta (-1 + T_a)}{-\alpha + T_a (\alpha - \sigma_a)} \\
  \frac{\phi T_a (-1 + T_s)}{-\alpha + T_a (\alpha - \sigma_a)} & \frac{(-1 + T_s) (-\alpha \Xi + \theta \phi + T_a (\alpha \Xi - \theta \phi - \Xi \sigma_a))}{-\alpha + T_a (\alpha - \sigma_a)}
\end{array} \right)

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Clear[\alpha, \theta, \phi, \Xi, \omega];
\gamma0 = \Gamma[\omega, h_a \sigma_a + h_s \sigma_s, \{t_a, t_s\}. \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_a + \alpha (T_a - 1) & \theta (T_a - 1) \\ \phi (T_s - 1) & \sigma_s + \Xi (T_s - 1) \end{pmatrix}.\{h_a, h_s\}];
\gamma1 = \gamma0 // qDelta[a, b, c]

\begin{pmatrix} \omega & s_b & s_c & s_s \\ s_b & -\alpha T_c + \alpha T_b T_c + \sigma_a & \alpha (-1 + T_b) T_c & \theta (-1 + T_b) T_c \\ s_c & \alpha (-1 + T_c) & -\alpha + \alpha T_c + \sigma_a & \theta (-1 + T_c) \\ s_s & \phi (-1 + T_s) & \phi (-1 + T_s) & -\Xi + \Xi T_s + \sigma_s \\ \Sigma & \sigma_a & \sigma_a & \sigma_s \end{pmatrix}

\gamma1[A] - DiagonalMatrix[\{\sigma_a, \sigma_a, \sigma_s\}] // Simplify // MatrixForm
\begin{pmatrix} \alpha (-1 + T_b) T_c & \alpha (-1 + T_b) T_c & \theta (-1 + T_b) T_c \\ \alpha (-1 + T_c) & \alpha (-1 + T_c) & \theta (-1 + T_c) \\ \phi (-1 + T_s) & \phi (-1 + T_s) & \Xi (-1 + T_s) \end{pmatrix}

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