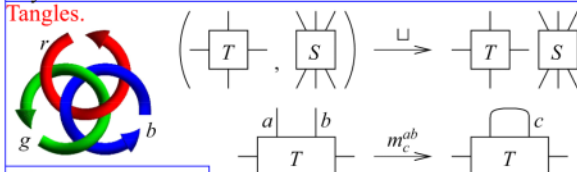


Dror Bar-Natan: Talks: Oberwolfach-1405:
<http://www.math.toronto.edu/~drorbn/Talks/Oberwolfach-1405/>

Some very good formulas for the Alexander polynomial, 1

Abstract. I will describe some very good formulas for a (matrix plus scalar)-valued extension of the Alexander polynomial to tangles, then say that everything extends to virtual tangles, then roughly to simply knotted balloons and hoops in 4D, then the target space extends to (free Lie algebras plus cyclic words), and the result is a universal finite type of the knotted objects in its domain. Taking a cue from the BF topological quantum field theory, everything should extend (with some modifications) to arbitrary codimension-2 knots in arbitrary dimension and in particular, to arbitrary 2-knots in 4D. But what is really going on is still a mystery.

Tangles.



Why Tangles?

- Finitely presented. (meta-associativity: $m_a^{ab} // m_a^{ac} = m_b^{bc} // m_a^{ab}$)

- Divide and conquer proofs and computations.

- “Algebraic Knot Theory”: If K is ribbon,

$Z(K) \in \{cl_2(Z): cl_1(Z) = 1\}$.

(Genus and crossing number are also definable properties).



Theorem 1. $\exists!$ an invariant $\gamma: \{\text{pure } S\text{-tangles}\} \rightarrow R \times M_{S \times S}(R)$, where $R = R_S = \mathbb{Z}\langle T_a \rangle_{a \in S}$ is the ring of rational functions in S variables, intertwining

$$1. \left(\begin{array}{c|cc} \omega_1 & S_1 & \\ \hline S_1 & A_1 & \end{array}, \begin{array}{c|cc} \omega_2 & S_2 & \\ \hline S_2 & A_2 & \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\sqcup} \begin{array}{c|cc} \omega_1 \omega_2 & S_1 & S_2 \\ \hline S_1 & A_1 & 0 \\ S_2 & 0 & A_2 \end{array}$$

$$2. \begin{array}{c|ccc} \omega & a & b & S \\ \hline a & \alpha & \beta & \theta \\ b & \gamma & \delta & \epsilon \\ S & \phi & \psi & \Xi \end{array} \xrightarrow[\mu=1-\beta]{m_c^{ab}} \begin{array}{c|cc} \mu\omega & c & S \\ \hline c & \gamma + \alpha\delta/\mu & \epsilon + \delta\theta/\mu \\ S & \phi + \alpha\psi/\mu & \Xi + \theta\psi/\mu \end{array}_{T_a, T_b \rightarrow T_c}$$

and satisfying $(|a; a^{\times} b, b^{\times} a) \xrightarrow{\gamma} \left(\begin{array}{c|c} 1 & a \\ \hline a & 1 \end{array}; \begin{array}{c|c} 1 & a \\ \hline b & 0 \end{array}, \begin{array}{c|c} 1 & a \\ \hline 1 & 1 - T_a^{-1} \\ \hline T_a^{-1} & \end{array} \right)$

In Addition, • This is really “just” a stitching formula for Burau/Gassner.

- $L \mapsto (\omega, A) \mapsto \omega \det(A - I) / (1 - T)$ is the MVA, mod units.
- The “fastest” Alexander algorithm.
- There are also formulas for strand deletion, reversal, and doubling.
- Every step along the computation is the invariant of something.
- Fits in one column, including propoganda & implementation:



```

Fsimp = Factor; SetAttributes[Collect, Listable];
Collect[F[...], ...] := F[Collect[...]];
Collect[F[...], ...] := Module[{c, b, y, d, o, e, f, g, h, i, j},
  Collect[...], ...];
Form[F[...], ...] := Module[{a, b},
  S = Union[Cases[...], ...];
  M = Outer[Fsimp[Coefficient[...], ...], ...];
  PrependTo[M, ...];
  M = Prepend[Transpose[M], Prepend[...]];
  MatrixForm[M];
  Form[...];
  Print[...];
  
```

extends to / more naturally defined on v/w-tangles.

runs ✓

KBH

Pictures from Kenona talk

β formulas from cheat sheet ✓

β ↔ Gassner ✓

References.

[BN] D. Bar-Natan, *Balloons and Hoops and their Universal Finite Type Invariant, BF Theory, and an Ultimate Alexander Invariant*, <http://www.math.toronto.edu/~drorbn/papers/KBH/>, arXiv:1308.1721.

[BND] D. Bar-Natan and Z. Dancso, *Finite Type Invariants of W-Knotted Objects: From Alexander to Kashiwara and Vergne*, <http://www.math.toronto.edu/~drorbn/papers/WKO/>.

[CR] A. S. Cattaneo and C. A. Rossi, *Wilson Surfaces and Higher Dimensional Knot Invariants*, Commun. in Math. Phys. **256-3** (2005) 513–537, arXiv:math-ph/0210037.

+ Le Dimet, KLZ, CT



“God created the knots, all else in topology is the work of mortals.”

Leopold Kronecker (modified)

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