

Compact Riemann Surfaces = Alg Curves / \mathbb{C}

$g=0$



$g=1$



$g \geq 2$



$e = \chi(T) = 2 > 0$

$= 0$

$2 - 2g < 0$

curvature > 0

$= 0$

< 0

Aut $PGL_2(\mathbb{C})$

$E \times \mathbb{Z}/n$

$< \infty$

Thm (Hurwitz) $g(C) \geq 2 \Rightarrow |Aut(C)| \leq 84(g-1)$

PF $G \curvearrowright C \Rightarrow C/G = C_1$

$P_i \rightarrow Q_i$ branch pts.

Locally $z_1 \mapsto z^{d_i}$ d_i : the branched index

$dz_1 \mapsto d_i z^{d_i-1} dz$

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Diff Geometry: Given a hyperbolic compact n -manifold X ,

hope that

$|Aut(X)| \leq C_n Vol(X)$

set $Y = [X/G]$. we hope $Vol(Y) \geq \epsilon_n$

Thm ($n \geq 4$, Wang) The volumes of n -dim orbifolds

form a discrete set $C/R_{>0}$

Thm ($n=3$, ... Thurston...) The volumes form a DCC

set := no infinite descending chains.

Back to Alg geom:

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