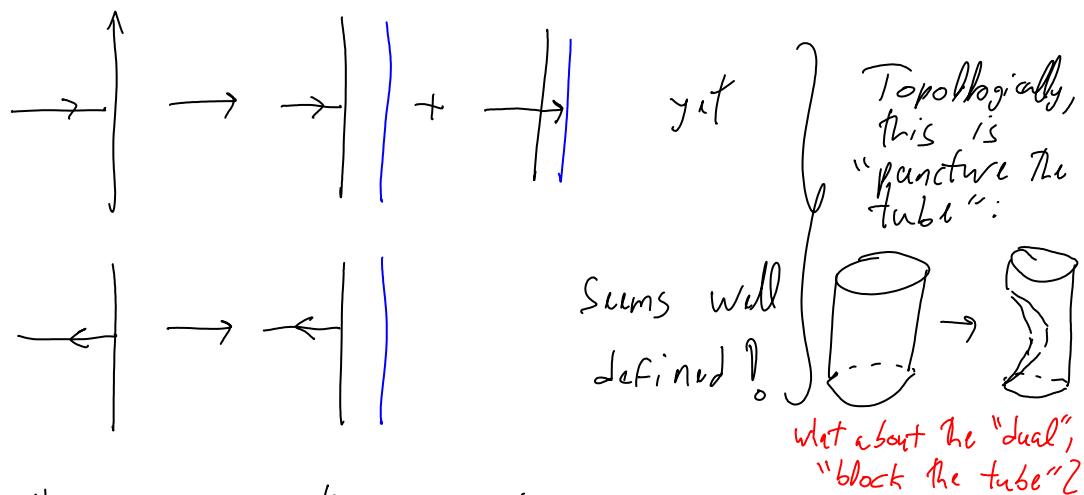


Q Thinking 4D, can we consistently "take the longitude" of a tube?

This ought to give \mathbb{A}^W something like an \mathbb{A} -comodule structure, and that may help to explain the polynomiality of $w\text{Alex}$.

Yes:



This is simply the composition of the cabling map and the "turn black into blue map":

$$\leftarrow \begin{array}{c} | \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \circ \quad \begin{array}{c} | \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} | \\ \rightarrow \end{array}$$

which is well-defined. It parallels

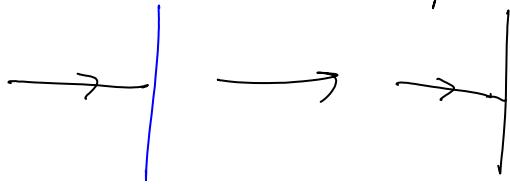
$$U(Ig) \longrightarrow U(g)$$

by moding out by the elements of g^* :

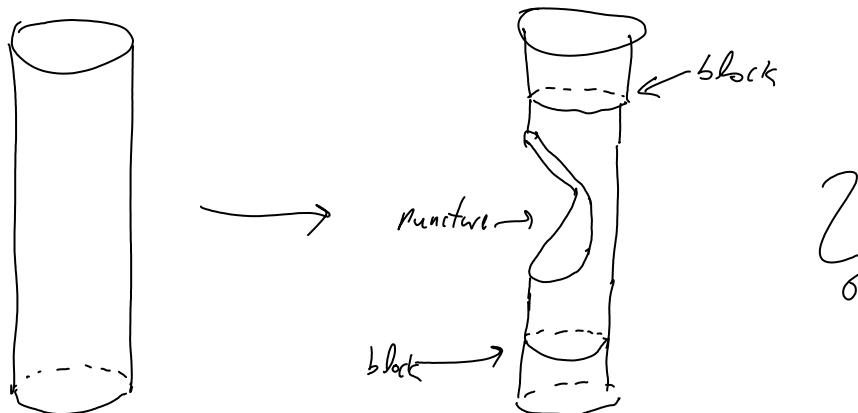
$$\circ \longrightarrow g^* \longrightarrow Ig \longrightarrow g \longrightarrow \circ$$

g is also a subalgebra of Ig , so there's also a well defined map:

also a well defined map:



Does the EK mystery corresponds to



A related question: Is it that



Claim

$$\vec{A}(\overline{\text{Ig}} + \overline{g}) \cong \vec{A}(\overline{\text{Ig}})$$

where the meanings are:

$\overline{\text{Ig}}$ \leftrightarrow in and out arrows are allowed,

$$\overbrace{\uparrow\downarrow}^{\text{Ig}} \quad \text{ok.}$$

\overline{g} \leftrightarrow only in arrows are allowed,

$$\overbrace{\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow}^g \quad \text{ok} \quad \overbrace{\rightarrow\psi}^{\text{Forbidden}}$$

$\overline{\text{Ig}} + \overline{g}$ \leftrightarrow in arrows move freely across the barrier, out arrows are blocked on

the Ig side.

Proof The maps

$$\vec{A}(\overline{\text{Ig} + g}) \leftrightarrow \vec{A}(\overline{\text{Ig}})$$

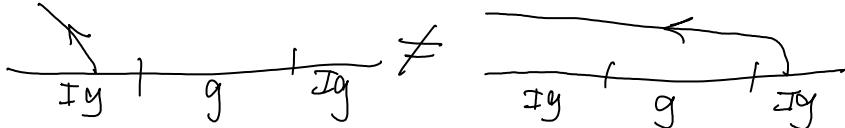
are obvious and are obviously well defined. \square

This is also $\vec{A}(\overline{P})$

Question Is $\vec{A}(\overline{\text{Ig} + g + Ig}) \cong \vec{A}(\text{Ig})$?

Topologically, this would be  = , which doesn't sound reasonable.

Answer Indeed no, as



Claim

$$\vec{A}\left(\overline{g^* + g}\right) \cong \vec{A}\left(\overline{\text{Ig}}\right) ?$$

Total barrier

Compare with the E-K isomorphism:

$$\vec{A}\left(\overline{\text{Ig}}\right) \cong \vec{A}\left(\overline{\text{Ig}} \xrightarrow{\text{Ig}} \begin{cases} + & (\text{out killer}) \\ - & (\text{in killer}) \end{cases}\right)$$